

Century Peak Holdings Corporation
and Subsidiaries

(Formerly Century Peak Metals Holdings Corporation
and Subsidiaries)

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

As at June 30, 2020 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2019
(Audited)

and for the Six months Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019
(Unaudited)

COVER SHEET

SEC Registration Number

CS200324966

COMPANY NAME

CENTURY PEAK HOLDINGS CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARIES
(Formerly Century Peak Metals Holdings
Corporation and Subsidiaries)

PRINCIPAL OFFICE (No./Street/Barangay/City/Town/ Province)

1403 - 1404 EQUITABLE BANK TOWER 8751 PAS
EO DE ROXAS, SALCEDO VILLAGE, MAKATI CI
TY

Form Type

17 - Q

Department requiring the report

CRMD

Secondary License Type, If Applicable

N / A

COMPANY INFORMATION

Company's Email Address

info@centurypeakmetals.com

Company's Telephone Number/s

+632-856-0999

Mobile Number

-

No. of Stockholders

224

Annual Meeting (Month / Day)

June 30

Fiscal Year (Month / Day)

December 31

CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION

The designated contact person **MUST** be an Officer of the Corporation

Name of Contact Person

Katrina C. Keng

Email Address

accting.centurypeack@gmail.com

Telephone Number/s

+632-856-0999

Mobile Number

-

CONTACT PERSON'S ADDRESS

14F Equitable Tower, 8751 Paseo De Roxas, Salcedo Village, Makati City

NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2: All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES
REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2020**
2. Commission identification number **CS200324966**
3. BIR Tax Identification No **228-423-401-000**
4. **CENTURY PEAK HOLDINGS CORPORATION**
Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter
5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization **Manila, Philippines**
6. Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
7. **1404 - 1403 Equitable Bank Tower, 8751 Paseo De Roxas,**
Salcedo Village, Makati City
Address of issuer's principal office **1226**
Postal Code
8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code: **+632-8856-0999**
9. **CENTURY PEAK METALS HOLDINGS CORPORATION**
Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report
10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of each Class

Number of shares of common
stock outstanding and amount
of debt outstanding

Common

2,820,330,450

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes [☒] No [☐]

If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:

Philippine Stock Exchange(PSE)

Common Stock

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 there under or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 there under, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [☒] No [☐] **Report: 17-Q**

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [☒] No [☐]

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The interim consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2020 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2019 (Audited) and for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and the related notes to consolidated financial statements of Century Peak Holdings Corporation and Subsidiaries (collectively referred to as “the Group”) are filed as part of this Form 17-Q on pages 2 to 33.

For purposes of segment reporting, the Group has no other reportable segment other than mining, development of cement manufacturing and conversion of mineral resources.

There are no other material events subsequent to the end of this interim period that had not been reflected in the unaudited consolidated financial statements filed as part of this report.

CENTURY PEAK HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
	<i>Note</i>		
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash		P22,060,979	P71,082,221
Inventories	4	256,343,132	226,959,760
Other current assets	5	120,181,665	49,058,007
Total Current Assets		398,585,776	347,099,988
Noncurrent Assets			
Investment properties	6	21,872,505	21,872,505
Property and equipment - net	7	2,084,336,440	1,819,776,754
Explored mineral resources - net	8	1,625,150,198	1,625,150,198
Deferred exploration costs	9	44,671,548	44,671,548
Deferred tax assets - net		8,534,853	8,534,853
Other noncurrent assets	10	133,005,445	98,748,532
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,917,570,989	3,618,754,390
		P4,316,156,765	P3,965,854,378
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	11	P324,382,659	P126,218,694
Due to related parties	13	1,449,909,812	1,263,466,183
Income tax payable		—	598,261
Total Current Liabilities		1,774,292,471	1,390,283,138
Noncurrent Liability			
Provision for site rehabilitation	12	17,540,966	16,759,276
Total Liabilities		1,791,833,437	1,407,042,414
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company			
Capital stock	14	2,820,330,450	2,820,330,450
Additional paid-in capital		1,931,550	1,931,550
Deficit		(285,302,388)	(251,515,249)
		2,536,959,612	2,570,746,751
Noncontrolling interest		(12,636,284)	(11,934,787)
Total Equity		2,524,323,328	2,558,811,964
		P4,316,156,765	P3,965,854,378

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

CENTURY PEAK HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Unaudited			Audited
	Note	April 1 to June 30, 2020	January 1 to June 30, 2020	April 1, 2019 to June 30, 2019	January 1 to June 30, 2019 December 31, 2019
SALES		P–	P–	P–	P–
COST AND EXPENSES					
Cost of sales	4	–	–	–	–
Operating expenses		(14,758,812)	(33,717,908)	(13,974,560)	(27,628,135)
Depletion of explored mineral resources		–	–	–	–
LOSS BEFORE OTHER CHARGES		(14,758,812)	(33,717,908)	(13,974,560)	(27,628,135)
OTHER CHARGES - net					
Interest expense		(781,690)	(781,690)	(370,096)	(748,290)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		(426)	130	(32,273)	10,741
Interest income		–	10,832	110,791	117,056
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(15,540,928)	(34,488,636)	(14,266,138)	(28,248,628)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)		–	–	(107,755)	(219,999)
NET LOSS/TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		(P15,540,928)	(P34,488,636)	(P14,158,383)	(P28,028,629)
NET LOSS/TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO:					
Equity holders of the parent company	15	(P15,220,542)	(P33,787,139)	(P13,787,067)	(P27,294,692)
Non-controlling interest		(320,386)	(701,497)	(371,316)	(733,937)
		(P15,540,928)	(P34,488,636)	(P14,158,383)	(P28,028,629)
Loss Per Share					
Basic/diluted	15	(P0.0054)	(P0.0120)	(P0.0049)	(P0.0097)

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

CENTURY PEAK HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company				Non-	
	Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Deficit	Total	Controlling Interest	Total Equity
Balance at January 1, 2020	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P251,515,249)	P2,570,746,751	(P11,934,787)	P2,558,811,964
Loss for the period	—	—	(33,787,139)	(33,787,139)	(701,497)	(34,488,636)
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P285,302,388)	P2,536,959,612	(P12,636,284)	P2,524,323,328
Balance at January 1, 2019	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P178,942,488)	P2,643,319,512	(P10,228,662)	P2,633,090,850
Loss for the period	—	—	(27,294,692)	(27,294,692)	(733,937)	(28,028,629)
Balance at June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P206,237,180)	P2,616,024,820	(P10,962,599)	P2,605,062,221
Balance at January 1, 2019	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P178,942,488)	P2,643,319,512	(P10,228,662)	P2,633,090,850
Loss for the year	—	—	(72,572,761)	(72,572,761)	(1,706,125)	(74,278,866)
Balance at December 31, 2019 (Audited)	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P251,515,249)	P2,570,746,751	(P11,934,787)	P2,558,811,964

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

CENTURY PEAK HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Unaudited	Audited	
	Note	January 1 to June 30, 2020	January 1 to June 30, 2019	December 31, 2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Loss before income tax		(P34,488,636)	(P28,248,628)	(P73,237,335)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation, amortization and depletion		2,962,941	4,749,820	53,865,029
Interest expense		781,690	748,290	1,563,380
Interest income		(10,832)	(117,056)	(280,013)
Unrealized foreign exchange gain		(130)	(10,741)	3,068,418
Provision for impairment of other current assets		-	-	12,597,166
Operating loss before working capital changes		(30,754,967)	(22,878,315)	(2,423,355)
Decrease (increase) in:				
Inventories		(7,944,901)	(8,292,871)	7,107,878
Other current assets		(71,123,658)	(144,050,882)	9,197,940
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other current liabilities		198,163,965	85,848,673	(33,397,025)
Net cash provided by (used in) operations		88,340,439	(89,373,395)	(19,514,562)
Income taxes paid		(598,261)	(93,097)	(536,388)
Interest received		10,832	117,056	280,013
Interest paid		-	-	(4,049)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		87,753,010	(89,349,436)	(19,774,986)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of property and equipment	7	(288,961,098)	(7,531,545)	(349,106,155)
Acquisition of investment properties		-	(244,287,459)	(244,880,456)
Increase in other noncurrent assets		(34,256,913)	(4,125,750)	(13,037,458)
Cash used in investing activities		(323,218,011)	(255,944,754)	(607,024,069)
CASH FLOW FROM A FINANCING ACTIVITY				
Advances received from a stockholder		186,443,629	293,232,124	628,166,099
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES IN CASH				
		130	10,741	(3,068,418)
NET DECREASE IN CASH				
		(49,021,242)	(52,051,325)	(1,701,374)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR				
		71,082,221	72,783,595	72,783,595
CASH AT END OF YEAR				
		P22,060,979	P20,732,270	P71,082,221

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

CENTURY PEAK METALS HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Century Peak Holdings Corporation (“CPHC”, the “Company”, the “Parent Company”, or the “Issuer”), was registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on December 30, 2003. The Parent Company is primarily engaged in promoting, operating, managing, holding, acquiring or investing in corporations or entities that are engaged in mining activities or mining-related activities.

On November 11, 2019, the SEC approved the change in the Parent Company’s corporate name to Century Peak Holdings Corporation, formerly Century Peak Metals Holdings Corporation. On the same date, the Parent Company also obtained a certificate of filing from SEC for the Amendment of its Articles of Incorporation by introducing the Parent Company’s secondary purpose which is to engage in and carry on general construction and construction related activities, land reclamation and development activities in the Philippines, real estate development or any real estate related activities, mining activities and mining related activities, power and energy activities and power and energy related activities.

The Parent Company listed its common shares of stock with the Philippine Stock Exchange (“PSE”) on October 6, 2009.

The Parent Company operates as the holding company of the following subsidiaries:

	Percentage of Ownership ^(a)	
	Direct	Indirect
Century Peak Corporation (CPC)	100.00	-
Century Peak Mineral Development Corporation (CPMDC) ^(b)	100.00	-
Century Peak Cement Manufacturing Corporation (CPCMC) ^(b)	100.00	-
Century Sidewide Smelting Incorporated (CSSI) ^(c)	60.00	-
Century HuaGuang Smelting Incorporated (CHGSI) ^(c)	55.00	-
Century Summit Carrier, Inc. (CSCI) ^(d)	-	80.00

^(a)Based on the Parent Company’s interest in the issued and outstanding shares of the subsidiaries as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

^(b)CPMDC and CPCMC were incorporated in 2015 and have not yet started commercial operations.

^(c)CSSI and CHGSI have not yet started commercial operations.

^(d)Owned by the Parent Company through CPC.

The registered office address of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) is at Units 1403 – 1404 Equitable Tower Bank Condominium, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Salcedo Village, Makati City.

The Parent Company's subsidiaries were all incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the SEC. Their principal activities are as follows:

CPC and CHGSI	Invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining of any mineral resources in the Philippines such as iron, ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, etc.
CSSI	Invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining of any mineral resources in the Philippines and to engage in the business of managing, administering solid waste disposal system.
CPMDC	Engaged in the business of operating and mining mineral resources in the Philippines, such as limestone, lime, silica, iron ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, among other minerals, both metallic and non-metallic; prospecting, exploring, milling, concentrating, converting, smelting, treating, refining, manufacturing, and preparing for market, whether export or domestic, such mineral resources and producing and dealing in all its products and by-products of every kind and description and by whatsoever process, the same can be or may hereafter be produced.
CPCMC	Engaged in the business of manufacture, production and merchandising, whether export or domestic, of cement, cement products and by-products, including its derivatives and any and all kinds of minerals and building materials.
CSCI	Engaged in the business of operating barges, steamships, motorboats and other kinds of water crafts for the transportation of cargoes and passengers.

Mineral Rights of CPC

The table below summarizes CPC's mineral rights:

Tenement Designation	Area Covered (in Hectares)	Location
Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) 010-92-X	1,198	Casiguran, Loreto, Dinagat Islands
MPSA-283-2009-XIII-SMR Application for Mineral Production Sharing	3,188	Libjo (Albor), Dinagat Islands
Agreement (APSA) 086-XIII	718	Acoje, Loreto, Dinagat Islands

MPSA-010-92-X or the "Casiguran Nickel Project," was acquired by CPC from Casiguran Mining Corporation by virtue of a deed of assignment on May 29, 2006, which was approved by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) on December 11, 2006. In addition, MPSA-283-2009-XIII-SMR or the "Rapid City Parcel II Prospect" ("Rapid City") was approved by the DENR on June 19, 2009.

The Acoje Property is covered by APSA-086-XIII and Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) No. 008-345-301C. APSA-086-XIII is applied with the MGB on July 5, 2004. APSA-086-XIII is still under final evaluation with the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) Central Office as at June 30, 2020.

DENR and Mining Audit

Mining Audit

On a letter dated October 3, 2016, the DENR notified CPC of the results, findings and recommendations of the mining audit conducted for the operations in Loreto and Libjo, Dinagat Islands pursuant to the DENR Memorandum Circular No. 2016-01 re: "Audit of All Operating Mines and Moratorium on New Mining Projects" issued on July 29, 2016.

On a letter dated October 25, 2016, CPC responded by submitting a complete update on the DENR recommendations and changes implemented by CPC.

On January 16, 2017, a "Memorandum to the Secretary, was submitted by the DENR's Technical Review Committee, which is tasked to review the results of the mining audit report and submitted comments and explanation of CPC, recommending the suspension of the CPC's Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC), Ore Transport Permit and/or Mineral Export permit pertaining to its mining operations in Loreto and Libjo, Dinagat Islands and fined CPC for various violations.

On February 2, 2017, the DENR released a list of mining firms for closure and suspension. CPC was excluded on the aforementioned list.

CPC has not received any formal letter from the DENR pertaining to the suspension of its ECC, Ore Transport Permit and/or Mineral Export permit.

On February 15, 2018, DENR issued a list of companies with denied or rejected MPSA. CPHC or any of its subsidiaries is not included in the mentioned report.

The Smelting Plant Project

CHGSI

CHGSI was registered and incorporated with the SEC on January 14, 2008. The principal activities of CHGSI are to invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining mineral resources in the Philippines such as iron ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, etc.; prospecting, exploring, milling, concentrating, converting, smelting, treating, refining, and manufacturing; preparing for the market, whether export or domestic; and producing and dealing in all its products and by-products of every kind and description and by whatsoever process the same can be or may be hereafter be produced.

On October 28, 2009, CHGSI was registered with Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) under Republic Act (RA) No. 7916 as an ecozone export enterprise engaged in the production of ferro-nickel (pig iron) at the Leyte Industrial Development Estate - Special Economic Zone (LIDE-SEZ).

By virtue of its PEZA registration, CHGSI is entitled to, among other incentives, four (4) years income tax holiday, which shall be reckoned upon its start of commercial operations, as well as tax and duty free importation of its capital equipment and raw materials, subject to its compliance with the terms and conditions of its registration. As at June 30, 2020, CHGSI is non-operating.

CSSI

In 2011, the Parent Company entered into a partnership with Sidewide Resources (H.K.) Limited, a subsidiary of Chaoyang Saiwai Mining Co., Ltd of P. R. China., a group that owns an iron powder processing plant, electric furnace smelting plant, and primarily does mineral ore trading. It is the Parent Company's plan to set up electric furnaces in the future to enhance the production of its nickel pig iron. From this formed partnership, CSSI is incorporated.

As at June 30, 2020, CSSI has not yet started with its commercial operation.

Mining Operations

CPC has mining activities in selected areas covered by its MPSA in the province of Dinagat Islands.

There are two Geologic Resource Evaluation Reports for the Casiguran Nickel Project and a Resource Evaluation Report for the Rapid City Parcel II Prospect, which were prepared by Dr. Carlo A. Arcilla, an accredited competent person in accordance with the definition of the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code.

Based on the reports, the Casiguran Nickel Project and Rapid City Parcel II Prospect have a combined indicated and measured resource of 9,897,000 dry metric tons (DMT) with a grade of 1.02% nickel (at 0.8% nickel cut-off) and 9,067,000 DMT with a grade of 1.07% nickel (at 0.8% nickel cut-off), respectively. These represent 100,000 metric tons of pure nickel and 3,500,000 tons of iron and 90,000 tons of pure nickel and 3,800,000 tons of iron for the Casiguran Nickel Project and Rapid City Parcel II Prospect, respectively, subject to mining plans and metal recovery parameters.

Extension of Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) 010-92-X (Casiguran Nickel Project)

On May 11, 2016, CPC filed an application for renewal for MPSA No. 010-92-X at the MGB Regional Office No. XIII, set to expire on May 6, 2017.

In response to the initial filing for renewal, MGB Regional Office No. XIII has directed CPC last January 11, 2017 to submit certain requirements. CPC subsequently refiled its application for renewal on August 15, 2017.

On September 12, 2017, MGB Regional Office No. XIII through its letter, informed CPC that its application has not been endorsed to the MGB Central Office for further review and evaluation pending the remaining mandatory requirements.

CPC received a letter dated July 31, 2018 which provides a "New Template of Checklist of MPSA Renewal Application" that clarifies the remaining requirements for the renewal of its expired MPSA.

On December 17, 2019, the Company obtained a certification from the Municipality of Loreto, Dinagat Islands stating that the Company has fully paid its municipal business tax obligation for calendar years 2016 to 2019.

On March 13, 2020, a teleconference with MGB Regional Office No. XIII was initiated by the Company to make various clarifications regarding the remaining reportorial requirements of the Company in relation to the renewal of the expired MPSA. The Company was advised to re-submit all the reportorial requirements for application of renewal of MPSA.

On April 3, 2020, all reportorial requirements for the application for MPSA renewal were re-submitted at the MGB Regional Office No. XIII for its review and endorsement to MGB Central Office.

MPSA renewal would depend on the approval of MGB Central Office. The Company is still waiting for further instruction from MGB Regional Office No. XIII.

Nevertheless, MGB issued a certification dated January 31, 2020, stating that the Company is the holder/operator of the valid and subsisting mining tenements subject for renewal. Given these conditions, management believes that MGB will approve the renewal of the MPSA.

The Cement and Limestone Project

Through a Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) executed between Philippine Mining Development Corporation (PMDC) and CPC dated December 10, 2010, with a term of 25 years, the Group has 4,795 hectares in Pinamungahan, Cebu to mine limestone. An initial resource assessment conducted in 2012 on an 81-hectare area estimate as indicated limestone resource of 34,000,000 metric tons.

In April and July 2015, the Group was able to obtain the ECC for the Cement Plant/Power Plant and Limestone Quarry Project, respectively.

On September 29, 2015, through a Deed of Assignment executed between CPC and CPMDC, CPC assigned its rights over the JOA with PMDC to CPMDC. Through the assignment, CPMDC will handle the Pinamungahan Limestone Quarry Project and will take over from CPC the implementation of its obligations and commitments under the subject JOA.

On July 10, 2019, the MGB approved the Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF) under the JOA. The approval shall authorize CPC to proceed to the development and operating periods under the JOA by and between PMDC and CPC including the extraction and commercial disposition of limestone, pozzolan and other associated minerals in the entire contract area.

As at June 30, 2020, CPC is preparing the requirements of MGB to process the assignment and the pre-operation activities are ongoing.

Registration of CPCMC with the BOI

On January 22, 2018, CPCMC was registered with the BOI with Certificate of Registration No. 2018-015, on its cement plant project at Barangay Sacsac, Pinamungahan, Cebu, as a new producer of cement on a Non-Pioneer Status under the Omnibus Investments Code of 1987 (Executive Order No. 226).

As a BOI-registered entity, CPCMC is entitled to the following incentives, among others:

- a. ITH for four (4) years from October 2020 or actual start of commercial operations, whichever is earlier but in no case earlier than the date of registration;
- b. Importation of capital equipment, spare parts and accessories at zero duty under Executive Order No. 22 and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. Only equipment directly needed and exclusively used in its operations shall be entitled to capital equipment incentives;
- c. Additional deduction from taxable income of fifty percent (50%) of the wages corresponding to the increment in number of direct labor for skilled and unskilled workers in the year of availment as against the previous year, if the project meets the prescribed ratio of capital equipment to the number of workers set by the BOI. This may be availed of for the first five (5) years from the date of registration but not simultaneously with ITH;
- d. Importation of consigned goods equipment for a period of ten (10) years from date of registration, subject to posting of re-export bond;
- e. Tax credit equivalent to the national internal revenue taxes and duties paid on raw materials and supplies and semi-manufactured products used in producing its export product and forming part thereof for a period of ten (10) years from the start of commercial operations.

Request for amendment of the date of start of commercial operations for purposes of determining the reckoning date of the ten (10) year period, shall be filed within one (1) year from the date of committed start of commercial operations;

- f. Exemption from wharfage dues, and any export tax, duty, impost and fee for a period of ten (10) years from date of registration;
- g. Employment of foreign nationals. This may be allowed in supervisory, technical or advisory positions for five (5) years from the date of registration. The president, general manager and treasurer of foreign-owned registered enterprises or their equivalent shall not be subject to the foregoing limitations;
- h. Simplification of customs procedures for the importation of equipment, spare parts, raw materials and supplies.

CSCI

On April 10, 2018, CSCI was registered with the Maritime Industry Authority with Certificate No. DSO-2006-003-042 (2018) under Marina Circular 2006-003, which is valid until April 9, 2021.

2. Basis of Preparation and Statement of Compliance

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting and are presented in Philippine Peso, the Group's functional and presentation currency. All values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise stated.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2019.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Group for the six months ended June 30, 2020 have been prepared in accordance with PAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* and in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) issued by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) and adopted by the SEC. This financial reporting framework included PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS), Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) and SEC provisions.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Adoption of Amendments to Standards

The Group has adopted the following amendments to standards and new interpretation starting January 1, 2020 and accordingly, changed its accounting policies. Except as otherwise indicated, the adoption of these amendments to standards and interpretation did not have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2020

- *Amendments to References to Conceptual Framework in PFRS Standards* sets out amendments to PFRS, their accompanying documents and PFRS practice statements to reflect the issuance of the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting in 2018 (2018 Conceptual Framework). The 2018 Conceptual Framework includes:
 - a new chapter on measurement;
 - guidance on reporting financial performance;

- improved definitions of an asset and a liability, and guidance supporting these definitions; and
- clarifications in important areas, such as the roles of stewardship, prudence and measurement uncertainty in financial reporting.

Some standards, their accompanying documents and PFRS practice statements contain references to, or quotations from, the International Accounting Standards Committee's Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements adopted by the IASB in 2001 or the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in 2010. The amendments update some of those references and quotations so that they refer to the 2018 Conceptual Framework and makes other amendments to clarify which version of the Conceptual Framework is referred to in particular documents.

- Definition of Material (Amendments to PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements* and PAS 8, *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*). The amendments refine the definition of material. The amended definition of material states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions that the primary users of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity. The amendments clarify the definition of material and its application by:
 - (a) raising the threshold at which information becomes material by replacing the term 'could influence' with 'could reasonably be expected to influence';
 - (b) including the concept of 'obscuring information' alongside the concept of 'omitting' and 'misstating' information in the definition;
 - (c) clarifying that the users to which the definition refers are the primary users of general-purpose financial statements referred to in the Conceptual Framework;
 - (d) clarifying the explanatory paragraphs accompanying the definition; and
 - (e) aligning the wording of the definition of material across PFRS and other publications.

The amendments are expected to help entities make better materiality judgements without substantively changing existing requirements.

4. Inventories

Inventories amounted to P256.3 million and P227.0 million as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 respectively.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and for the year ended December 31, 2019, the cost of inventories recognized in profit or loss amounted to nil, nil and P101.4 million, respectively.

5. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Advances to:		
Third parties	P114,255,471	P48,253,750
Officers and employees	15,384,805	12,080,502
Prepaid expenses	3,920,568	2,102,934
	133,560,844	62,437,186
Allowance for impairment of other current assets	(13,379,179)	(13,379,179)
	P120,181,665	P49,058,007

Advances to third parties include operations costs incurred in advance which will be deducted against future billings. The Group has recognized provision for impairment loss on other current assets amounting to P13.4 million in 2019 due to the management's assessment as to the recoverability of such accounts.

Prepaid expenses primarily consist of prepaid taxes, insurance, supplies and various items that are individually immaterial.

6. Investment Properties

This account consists of:

	Land	Construction in Progress	Land Reclamation Cost	Total
Cost				
December 31, 2018	P21,385,768	P375,730,758	P-	P397,116,526
Additions	-	244,393,719	486,737	244,880,456
Transfer to property and equipment	-	(620,124,477)	-	(620,124,477)
June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019	P21,385,768	P -	P486,737	P21,872,505

In 2018, the investment properties consist of two parcels of land and the amount capitalized for the Cement Plant Project. In 2019, the Group changed its intention and classified the amount for the Cement Plant Project amounting to P620,124,477 from investment property to property and equipment (see Note 7).

The two parcels of land classified as investment properties have carrying amount of P21,385,768 as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. Fair values, which represent the price that would be received to sell the investment properties in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date on March 11, 2019, amounted to P56,350,000. There is no indication of material changes in fair values as at June 30, 2020.

The fair values of land as Investment properties are determined by the Group through an independent property appraiser using the market data approach. In this approach, the values of the parcels of land are based on the following consideration:

- extent, character and utility of the properties;
- comparable properties which have been sold recently, plus current asking prices;
- zoning and current land usage in the locality; and
- highest and best use of the property.

As at June 30, 2020 and 2019, land is idle and did not earn any income nor incur any related expenses, except for real property tax amounting to P242,498 in 2019 and 2018. This is included under “operating expenses” account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

In 2019, the Group include the expenditures incurred in its land reclamation project as part of investment property amounting to P486,737.

Investment properties amounted to P21,872,505 as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

7. Property and Equipment

Movements of this account are presented below:

	Land	Mine Site Development Cost	Transportation and Field Equipment	Office Space and Improvements	Office Equipment	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost							
January 1, 2019	P104,368,738	P421,154,027	P905,767,413	P39,652,804	P10,966,741	P211,613,630	P1,693,523,353
Additions	16,592,535	-	13,659,484	-	572,238	318,281,898	349,106,155
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	620,124,477	620,124,477
December 31, 2019	120,961,273	421,154,027	919,426,897	39,652,804	11,538,979	1,150,020,005	2,662,753,985
Additions	932,060	-	1,152,889	-	1,065,456	285,810,693	288,961,098
June 30, 2020	121,893,333	421,154,027	920,579,786	39,652,804	12,604,435	1,435,830,698	2,951,715,083
Accumulated Depreciation, Amortization, and Depletion							
January 1, 2019	-	59,119,811	502,970,696	14,788,591	9,580,254	-	586,459,352
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	-	4,214,034	52,821,097	1,557,926	905,067	-	59,498,124
December 31, 2019	-	63,333,845	555,791,793	16,346,517	10,485,321	-	645,957,476
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	-	-	23,136,421	751,759	513,232	-	24,401,412
June 30, 2020	-	63,333,845	578,928,214	17,098,276	10,998,553	-	670,358,888
Allowance for Impairment Loss as at December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2020							
December 31, 2019	P120,961,273	P357,820,182	P363,635,104	P23,306,287	P906,726	P953,147,182	P1,819,776,754
June 30, 2020	P121,893,333	P357,820,182	P341,651,572	P22,554,528	P1,458,950	P1,238,957,875	P2,084,336,440

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019, depreciation and amortization expense allocated to inventories amounted to P20.1 million and P32.7 million, respectively.

Allowance for Impairment Losses on Property and Equipment

The Group has recognized provision for impairment losses on its property and equipment amounting to P197 million in 2013, following the impairment of some equipment, construction in progress and parcels of land of CHGSI in Leyte caused by typhoon Yolanda in November 2013. The fair value of these assets amounting to P54.4 million was based on the current replacement costs as estimated by an independent property appraiser.

As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, no further impairment was assessed as the carrying amount in the books represents the scrap value of the said assets.

8. Explored Mineral Resources

This account consists of:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Cost	P2,016,756,977	P2,016,756,977
Allowance for accumulated depletion	(391,606,779)	(391,606,779)
	P1,625,150,198	P1,625,150,198

Explored mineral resources are part of the group of assets of CPC that were acquired in 2008, in exchange for shares of stock of the Parent Company. At acquisition date, these explored mineral resources were measured based on the expected cash flows from the explored area of about 400.0 hectares or 42.0% of total area covered by the MPSA.

The financial model yielded an expected NPV on CPC's group of assets amounting to P2.0 billion using an investment hurdle rate of 36.6%. The NPV computation assumed an average selling price of USD 27,500.0 per metric ton of pure nickel, which considered a 16.2% discount to London Metal Exchange quoted prices; a 15-year production and selling period with a maximum annual production yield of 2.0 million metric tons; and an average production cost of USD 6.4 per wet metric ton. The valuation was prepared by Asian Alliance Investment Corporation (AAIC), an independent financial advisor. Subsequently, the Parent Company appointed Multinational Investment Bancorporation (MIB), another independent financial advisor, to render fairness opinion to the valuation. The result of MIB's report dated April 9, 2008 fairly approximated that of AAIC's report.

For purposes of computing the net present value using discounted cash flow method, the valuation of intangible assets involves the extraction of non-replaceable resource.

The assumptions used in the valuation included a number of market factors that are subject to market risk, such as commodity risk and currency risk. Significant changes in the commodity prices and foreign exchange rates would affect the fair value of the explored mineral resource.

9. Deferred Exploration Cost

Deferred exploration costs pertain to expenditures related to exploration for economic mineral deposits. These include, among others, costs of exploration and mining rights acquisition, geological, geochemical and geophysical surveys, drilling, labor, materials and supplies, professional fees, community relations, and environmental management expenditures attributable to the cement plant project.

As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the expenditures of the Group amounted to P44,671,548. Exploration activities are covered by a Joint Operating Agreement entered by the Group through CPC.

10. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Input VAT	P77,204,055	P62,299,368
Rehabilitation funds	50,860,948	45,210,948
AFS financial assets	11,750,000	11,750,000
Advances to contractors	13,702,226	—
	153,517,229	119,260,316
Allowance for impairment losses on input VAT	(20,511,784)	(20,511,784)
	P133,005,445	P98,748,532

Input Vat mainly pertains to the corresponding tax for the purchases of goods and services and acquisition of properties on the Cement Plant Project of the Group.

The Group provided an allowance amounting to P11,383,547 for the year ended December 31, 2019. As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the management determined that Input VAT amounting to P20,511,784 is no longer recoverable.

Rehabilitation funds were set up by the Group to ensure availability of financial resources for the satisfactory compliance with and performance of activities of its Environmental Protection and Enhancement Program during the specific phases of its mining projects. The funds also include a Social Development Management Program fund under a Memorandum of Agreement with the Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP).

The Group's rehabilitation funds are deposited with DBP and earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates.

Investment in equity securities pertains to the Parent Company's ownership interest in Century Peak Hotel Management and Development, Inc. formerly known as Century Peak Property Development, Inc. which is measured at fair value.

11. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Accounts payable	P323,522,198	P125,255,060
Others	860,461	963,634
	P324,382,659	P126,218,694

The Group's accounts payable pertains to obligations for payment of goods and services that have been acquired from third party suppliers. The credit period on payables is normally on a 30 to 60 days term.

12. Provision for Site Rehabilitation Costs

A provision is recognized for the estimated rehabilitation costs of the Company's mine site upon termination of the MPSA, which is 25 years. The provision is calculated by the Company's engineers based on an estimate of the expected cost to be incurred to rehabilitate the mine site. The provision is presented at discounted value using the Philippine bond yield of 9.93% as the effective interest rate. The accretion of interest is recognized as part of "Interest expense" account in profit or loss.

13. Related Party Transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or under common control with the Group, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related entities of the Group. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Group and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related entities. Transactions between related parties are accounted for at arm's-length prices or on terms similar to those offered to nonrelated entities in an economically comparable market.

In considering each possible related entity relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form. Significant related party transactions represent mainly availment of non-interest-bearing advances from a stockholder for working capital purposes. As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the total outstanding advances from a stockholder amounted to P1,449.9 million and P1,263.5 million, respectively. The advances are payable on demand.

The outstanding balances are unsecured without fixed repayment terms and interest.

14. Capital Stock

	Number of Shares	Amount
Authorized, P1.00 par value	3,575,000,000	P3,575,000,000
Issued and outstanding	2,820,330,450	P2,820,330,450

On June 5, 2008, CPHC filed with the PSE an application for listing by way of introduction of up to a total of 2,820,330,450 common shares of the capital stock of CPHC. The listing application was approved by the PSE on July 22, 2009. No offer price has been set since no initial public offering of shares to be conducted as the subject shares sought to be registered will be listed by way of introduction.

The Group has 224 and 225 holders of common equity securities as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

The Group is compliant with the minimum public float of 10% that is required by the PSE, where the Parent Company's shares are traded.

15. Loss Per Share Computation

The following table presents information necessary to calculate earnings per share:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Loss attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company (a)	(P33,787,139)	(P72,572,761)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (b)	2,820,330,450	2,820,330,450
Basic/diluted loss per share (a/b)	(P0.0120)	(P0.0257)

The Parent Company has no dilutive shares as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis relate to the unaudited interim consolidated financial position and results of operations of the Group and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying interim unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes. The Company cautions that its business and financial performance is subject to certain risks and uncertainties. In evaluating the Company's business, investors should carefully consider all of the information contained in "Risk Factors."

2.1 OVERVIEW

The Parent Company was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 30, 2003.

On April 14, 2008, the SEC approved the amendment of the Parent Company's Articles of Incorporation changing its primary purpose to include promoting, operating, managing, holding, acquiring or investing in corporations or entities that are engaged in mining activities or mining-related activities. The Parent Company further expanded its primary purpose by including investing in real estate development and energy. The amended Articles of Incorporation was approved by the SEC on March 18, 2010.

The Parent Company listed its common shares of stock with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) on October 6, 2009.

The Parent Company operates as the holding company of the following subsidiaries:

	Percentage of Ownership ^(a)	
	Direct	Indirect
Century Peak Corporation (CPC)	100.00	-
Century Peak Mineral Development Corporation (CPMDC) ^(b)	100.00	-
Century Peak Cement Manufacturing Corporation (CPCMC) ^(b)	100.00	-
Century Sidewide Smelting Incorporated (CSSI) ^(c)	60.00	-
Century HuaGuang Smelting Incorporated (CHGSI) ^(c)	55.00	-
Century Summit Carrier, Inc. (CSCI) ^(d)	-	80.00

^(a)Based on the Parent Company's interest in the issued and outstanding shares of the subsidiaries.

^(b)CPMDC and CPCMC were incorporated in 2015 and have not yet started commercial operations.

^(c)CSSI and CHGSI have not yet started commercial operations.

^(d)Owned by the Parent Company through CPC.

The registered office address of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") is at Units 1403 – 1404 Equitable Tower Bank Condominium, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Salcedo Village, Makati City.

The Parent Company's subsidiaries were all incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the SEC. Their principal activities are as follows:

CPC and CHGSI	Invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining of any mineral resources in the Philippines such as iron, ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, etc.
CSSI	Invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining of any mineral resources in the Philippines and to engage in the business of managing, administering solid waste disposal system.
CPMDC	Engaged in the business of operating and mining mineral resources in the Philippines, such as limestone, lime, silica, iron ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, among other minerals, both metallic and non-metallic; prospecting, exploring, milling, concentrating, converting, smelting, treating, refining, manufacturing, and preparing for market, whether export or domestic, such mineral resources and producing and dealing in all its products and by-products of every kind and description and by whatsoever process, the same can be or may hereafter be produced.
CPCMC	Engaged in the business of manufacture, production and merchandising, whether export or domestic, of cement, cement products and by-products, including its derivatives and any and all kinds of minerals and building materials.
CSCI	Engaged in the business of operating barges, steamships, motorboats and other kinds of water crafts for the transportation of cargoes and passengers.

Mineral Rights of CPC

The table below summarizes CPC's mineral rights:

Tenement Designation	Area Covered (in Hectares)	Location
Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) 010-92-X	1,198	Casiguran, Loreto, Dinagat Islands
MPSA-283-2009-XIII-SMR Application for Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (APSA) 086-XIII	3,188	Libjo (Albor), Dinagat Islands
	718	Acoje, Loreto, Dinagat Islands

MPSA-010-92-X or the "Casiguran Nickel Project," was acquired by CPC from Casiguran Mining Corporation by virtue of a deed of assignment on May 29, 2006, which was approved by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) on December 11, 2006. In addition, MPSA-283-2009-XIII-SMR or the "Rapid City Parcel II Prospect" ("Rapid City") was approved by the DENR on June 19, 2009.

The Acoje Property is covered by APSA-086-XIII and Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) No. 008-345-301C. APSA-086-XIII is applied with the MGB on July 5, 2004. APSA-086-XIII is still under final evaluation with the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) Central Office as at June 30, 2020.

DENR and Mining Audit

Mining Audit

On a letter dated October 3, 2016, the DENR notified CPC of the results, findings and recommendations of the mining audit conducted for the operations in Loreto and Libjo, Dinagat Islands pursuant to the DENR Memorandum Circular No. 2016-01 re: "Audit of All Operating Mines and Moratorium on New Mining Projects" issued on July 29, 2016.

On a letter dated October 25, 2016, CPC responded by submitting a complete update on the DENR recommendations and changes implemented by CPC.

On January 16, 2017, a "Memorandum to the Secretary, was submitted by the DENR's Technical Review Committee, which is tasked to review the results of the mining audit report and submitted comments and explanation of CPC, recommending the suspension of the CPC's Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC), Ore Transport Permit and/or Mineral Export permit pertaining to its mining operations in Loreto and Libjo, Dinagat Islands and fined CPC for various violations.

On February 2, 2017, the DENR released a list of mining firms for closure and suspension. CPC was excluded on the aforementioned list.

CPC has not received any formal letter from the DENR pertaining to the suspension of its ECC, Ore Transport Permit and/or Mineral Export permit.

On February 15, 2018, DENR issued a list of companies with denied or rejected MPSA. CPHC or any of its subsidiaries is not included in the mentioned report.

The Smelting Plant Project

CHGSI

CHGSI was registered and incorporated with the SEC on January 14, 2008. The principal activities of CHGSI are to invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining mineral resources in the Philippines such as iron ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, etc.; prospecting, exploring, milling, concentrating, converting, smelting, treating, refining, and manufacturing; preparing for the market, whether export or domestic; and producing and dealing in all its products and by-products of every kind and description and by whatsoever process the same can be or may be hereafter be produced.

On October 28, 2009, CHGSI was registered with Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) under Republic Act (RA) No. 7916 as an ecozone export enterprise engaged in the production of ferro-nickel (pig iron) at the Leyte Industrial Development Estate - Special Economic Zone (LIDE-SEZ).

By virtue of its PEZA registration, CHGSI is entitled to, among other incentives, four (4) years income tax holiday, which shall be reckoned upon its start of commercial operations, as well as tax and duty free importation of its capital equipment and raw materials, subject to its compliance with the terms and conditions of its registration. As at June 30, 2020, CHGSI is non-operating.

CSSI

In 2011, the Parent Company entered into a partnership with Sidewide Resources (H.K.) Limited, a subsidiary of Chaoyang Saiwai Mining Co., Ltd of P. R. China., a group that owns an iron powder processing plant, electric furnace smelting plant, and primarily does mineral ore trading. It is the Parent Company's plan to set up electric furnaces in the future to enhance the production of its nickel pig iron. From this formed partnership, CSSI is incorporated.

As at June 30, 2020, CSSI has not yet started with its commercial operation.

Mining Operations

CPC has mining activities in selected areas covered by its MPSA in the province of Dinagat Islands.

There are two Geologic Resource Evaluation Reports for the Casiguran Nickel Project and a Resource Evaluation Report for the Rapid City Parcel II Prospect, which were prepared by Dr. Carlo A. Arcilla, an accredited competent person in accordance with the definition of the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code.

Based on the reports, the Casiguran Nickel Project and Rapid City Parcel II Prospect have a combined indicated and measured resource of 9,897,000 dry metric tons (DMT) with a grade of 1.02% nickel (at 0.8% nickel cut-off) and 9,067,000 DMT with a grade of 1.07% nickel (at 0.8% nickel cut-off), respectively. These represent 100,000 metric tons of pure nickel and 3,500,000 tons of iron and 90,000 tons of pure nickel and 3,800,000 tons of iron for the Casiguran Nickel Project and Rapid City Parcel II Prospect, respectively, subject to mining plans and metal recovery parameters.

Extension of Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) 010-92-X (Casiguran Nickel Project)

On May 11, 2016, CPC filed an application for renewal for MPSA No. 010-92-X at the MGB Regional Office No. XIII, set to expire on May 6, 2017.

In response to the initial filing for renewal, MGB Regional Office No. XIII has directed CPC last January 11, 2017 to submit certain requirements. CPC subsequently refiled its application for renewal on August 15, 2017.

On September 12, 2017, MGB Regional Office No. XIII through its letter, informed CPC that its application has not been endorsed to the MGB Central Office for further review and evaluation pending the remaining mandatory requirements.

CPC received a letter dated July 31, 2018 which provides a "New Template of Checklist of MPSA Renewal Application" that clarifies the remaining requirements for the renewal of its expired MPSA.

On December 17, 2019, the Company obtained a certification from the Municipality of Loreto, Dinagat Islands stating that the Company has fully paid its municipal business tax obligation for calendar years 2016 to 2019.

On March 13, 2020, a teleconference with MGB Regional Office No. XIII was initiated by the Company to make various clarifications regarding the remaining reportorial requirements of the Company in relation to the renewal of the expired MPSA. The Company was advised to re-submit all the reportorial requirements for application of renewal of MPSA.

On April 3, 2020, all reportorial requirements for the application for MPSA renewal were re-submitted at the MGB Regional Office No. XIII for its review and endorsement to MGB Central Office.

MPSA renewal would depend on the approval of MGB Central Office. The Company is still waiting for further instruction from MGB Regional Office No. XIII.

Nevertheless, MGB issued a certification dated January 31, 2020, stating that the Company is the holder/operator of the valid and subsisting mining tenements subject for renewal. Given these conditions, management believes that MGB will approve the renewal of the MPSA.

The Cement and Limestone Project

Through a Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) executed between Philippine Mining Development Corporation (PMDC) and CPC dated December 10, 2010, with a term of 25 years, the Group has 4,795 hectares in Pinamungahan, Cebu to mine limestone. An initial resource assessment conducted in 2012 on an 81-hectare area estimate as indicated limestone resource of 34,000,000 metric tons (see Note 22).

In April and July 2015, the Group was able to obtain the ECC for the Cement Plant/Power Plant and Limestone Quarry Project, respectively.

On September 29, 2015, through a Deed of Assignment executed between CPC and CPMDC, CPC assigned its rights over the JOA with PMDC to CPMDC. Through the assignment, CPMDC will handle the Pinamungahan Limestone Quarry Project and will take over from CPC the implementation of its obligations and commitments under the subject JOA.

On July 10, 2019, the MGB approved the Declaration of Mining Project Feasibility (DMPF) under the JOA. The approval shall authorize CPC to proceed to the development and operating periods under the JOA by and between PMDC and CPC including the extraction and commercial disposition of limestone, pozzolan and other associated minerals in the entire contract area.

As at June 30, 2020, CPC is preparing the requirements of MGB to process the assignment and the pre-operation activities are ongoing.

Registration of CPCMC with the BOI

On January 22, 2018, CPCMC was registered with the BOI with Certificate of Registration No. 2018-015, on its cement plant project at Barangay Sacsac, Pinamungahan, Cebu, as a new producer of cement on a Non-Pioneer Status under the Omnibus Investments Code of 1987 (Executive Order No. 226).

As a BOI-registered entity, CPCMC is entitled to the following incentives, among others:

- a. ITH for four (4) years from October 2020 or actual start of commercial operations, whichever is earlier but in no case earlier than the date of registration;
- b. Importation of capital equipment, spare parts and accessories at zero duty under Executive Order No. 22 and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. Only equipment directly needed and exclusively used in its operations shall be entitled to capital equipment incentives;
- c. Additional deduction from taxable income of fifty percent (50%) of the wages corresponding to the increment in number of direct labor for skilled and unskilled workers in the year of availment as against the previous year, if the project meets the prescribed ratio of capital equipment to the number of workers set by the BOI. This may be availed of for the first five (5) years from the date of registration but not simultaneously with ITH;
- d. Importation of consigned goods equipment for a period of ten (10) years from date of registration, subject to posting of re-export bond;
- e. Tax credit equivalent to the national internal revenue taxes and duties paid on raw materials and supplies and semi-manufactured products used in producing its export product and forming part thereof for a period of ten (10) years from the start of commercial operations.

Request for amendment of the date of start of commercial operations for purposes of determining the reckoning date of the ten (10) year period, shall be filed within one (1) year from the date of committed start of commercial operations;

- f. Exemption from wharfage dues, and any export tax, duty, impost and fee for a period of ten (10) years from date of registration;
- g. Employment of foreign nationals. This may be allowed in supervisory, technical or advisory positions for five (5) years from the date of registration. The president, general manager and treasurer of foreign-owned registered enterprises or their equivalent shall not be subject to the foregoing limitations;
- h. Simplification of customs procedures for the importation of equipment, spare parts, raw materials and supplies.

CSCI

On April 10, 2018, CSCI was registered with the Maritime Industry Authority with Certificate No. DSO-2006-003-042 (2018) under Marina Circular 2006-003, which is valid until April 9, 2021.

2.3 RESULT OF OPERATION

For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Group's operation resulted to net loss of P34.5 million.

Unaudited Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

<i>In thousands, except % change data</i>	For the six months ended June 30		
	2020	2019	% change
Revenue	P-	P-	-
Cost of sales	-	-	-
Depletion of explored mineral resources	-	-	-
Gross loss	-	-	-
Operating expenses	(33,718)	(27,628)	22%
Other charges - net	(771)	(620)	24%
Net loss before tax	(34,489)	(28,248)	22%
Net loss attributable to the equity holders of the Parent Company	(P33,787)	(P27,295)	24%
Loss per share			
Basic/Diluted	(P0.0120)	(P0.0097)	

2.4 OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 COMPARED WITH JUNE 30, 2019

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Group's operation resulted to net loss of P34.5 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, no shipment of chromite or nickel ore was made by the Group. Hence, there is no recognition of any revenue for the period. Operating expenses of P33.7 million and P27.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, or 22% higher.

The Group's operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2020 pertain mainly to salaries and wages, taxes and licenses, and professional fees, which represents 42%, 26% and 5%, respectively of the total operating expenses.

2.5 FINANCIAL CONDITION

Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

<i>In thousands, except % change data</i>	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)	% Change
Total Current Assets	P398,586	P347,099	15%
Total Assets	4,316,157	3,965,854	9%
Current Liabilities	1,774,292	1,390,283	28%
Total Liabilities	1,791,833	1,407,042	27%
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	2,536,960	2,570,746	-1%
Equity Attributable to Minority Interests	(12,636)	(11,934)	6%
Total Equity	2,524,323	2,558,811	-1%
Current assets/Total assets	9%	8%	
Current ratio	22%	25%	
Debt to equity ratio	71%	55%	

The net increase in current assets mainly pertains to increase in inventories due to off-season costs, such as depreciation of property and equipment, and increase in advances to contractors and suppliers related to the development of cement project.

The noncurrent assets of the Group mainly consist of explored mineral resources, property and equipment and development costs. The net increase mainly due to additions in property and equipment net of depreciation expense charged for the six months ended June 30, 2020.

The liabilities of the Group mainly consist of payables to contractors, suppliers and related parties. The payable to related parties represents advances which were used to finance the operation of the Group. The increase was mainly due to additional payable to contractors and suppliers of spare parts.

2.6 LIQUIDITY and CAPITAL RESOURCES

The table below shows the Group's consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Unaudited Interim Consolidated Cash Flows

	For the six months ended June 30		
<i>In thousands, except % change data</i>	2020	2019	% change
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	P87,753	(P20,042)	-538%
Cash used in investing activities	(323,218)	(122,117)	165%
Cash provided by financing activities	186,444	80,727	131%
Effect of exchange rate changes in cash	-	43	-100%
Net decrease in cash	(49,021)	(61,389)	-20%
Cash at beginning of year	71,082	72,783	-2%
Cash at end of year	P22,061	P11,394	94%

The Group believes that it has sufficient resources to finance its working capital requirements. The Group expects to regularly undertake shipment of ore and the corresponding management and collection of accounts receivable, and temperance of accounts payable. Long-term events such as the additional purchase of property and equipment can be met by the Group via infusions of either equity

or debt through the shareholders. All funding for the Group's operations for the next 12 months shall be internally generated. The majority shareholder has committed to continually provide working capital to the Group to assure its continuous operations.

Cash used in investing activities mainly pertain to additions to property and equipment amounting to P289.0 million.

2.7 FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

All secondary licensees of the Commission (financing companies, broker dealer of securities and underwriters) and public companies are required to include a schedule showing financial soundness indicators in two comparative periods, as follows:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Current Assets	398,585,776	347,099,988
Current Liabilities	1,774,292,471	1,390,283,138
Current Ratio	0.22	0.25
Total Liabilities	1,791,833,437	1,047,042,414
Total Equity	2,524,323,328	2,558,811,964
Debt to equity ratio	0.71	0.55
Total Assets	4,316,156,765	3,965,854,378
Total Liabilities	1,791,833,437	1,407,042,414
Solvency ratio	2.41	2.82
Total Assets	4,316,156,765	3,965,854,378
Total Equity	2,524,323,328	2,558,811,964
Asset to equity ratio	1.71	1.54
Loss before Interest Expense and Taxes	(33,706,946)	(68,886,550)
Interest Expense	781,690	1,563,380
Interest rate coverage ratio	(43.12)	(44.06)
Net Loss	(34,488,636)	(74,278,886)
Total Assets	4,316,156,765	3,965,854,378
Return on Asset ratio	(0.01)	(0.02)
Net Loss	(34,488,636)	(74,278,886)
Total Equity	2,524,323,328	2,558,811,964
Return on Equity ratio	(0.01)	(0.02)

2.8 RISK

Overview

The Group's financial instruments consist of cash, rehabilitation funds, AFS financial assets, due to related parties and accounts payable and other current liabilities. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Group's current operations. The main risks arising from the use of these financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Risk Management Framework

The BOD and management have overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations. There were no changes in the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk and the methods used to measure the risk from previous year.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's bank deposits and trade debtors and is monitored on an ongoing basis. The objective is to reduce the risk of loss through default by counterparties. The risk is managed by spreading financial transactions, including bank deposits, across an approved list of high quality banks.

Exposure to Credit Risk

The carrying amounts of financial assets, which are classified as loans and receivables, represent the maximum credit exposure. Credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2019 (Audited)
Cash in banks	P22,015,979	P71,037,221
Rehabilitation funds	50,860,948	45,210,948
	P72,876,927	P116,248,169

Cash in banks are considered good quality as these pertain to deposits in reputable banks.

The Group establish an allowance for impairment for losses that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade receivables. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss components that relates to individually significant exposures, and a collective loss component established for groups of similar assets in respects of losses that have been incurred but not yet identified. The collective loss allowance is determined based on historical data of payment statistics for similar financial assets.

The group believes that the unimpaired amounts of not past due and past due are collectible based on historic payment behavior and extensive analysis of customers counterparties credit risk.

Cash in banks and rehabilitation funds are high grade quality. High grade cash in banks and rehabilitation fund are invested and deposited in reputable local banks. Trade receivables are of standard grade quality as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. Standard grade quality financial assets are those assessed as having minimal to regular instances of payment default due to ordinary/common collection issues. These accounts are typically not impaired as the counterparties generally respond to credit actions and update their payments accordingly.

Cash in banks and rehabilitation funds are based on the credit standing or rating of the counterparty.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group considers expected cash flows from financial assets in assessing and managing liquidity risk, in particular its cash resources. Cash balances are managed with two main objectives: maintain maximum liquidity and minimize the cost of borrowing.

Exposure to Liquidity Risk

The following tables summarize the maturity of the Group's financial liabilities as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 based on contractual repayment arrangements:

	June 30, 2020		
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	Due Within One Year
Accounts payable and other current liabilities*	P323,522,198	P323,522,198	P323,522,198
Due to related parties	1,449,909,812	1,449,909,812	1,449,909,812
	P1,773,432,010	P1,773,432,010	P1,773,432,010

*Excludes non-financial liabilities amounting to P860,461

	December 31, 2019		
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	Due Within One Year
Accounts payable and other current liabilities*	P126,218,694	P126,218,694	P126,218,694
Due to related parties	1,263,466,183	1,263,466,183	1,263,466,183
	P1,389,684,877	P1,389,684,877	P1,389,684,877

*Excludes non-financial liabilities amounting to P963,634

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

Market Risks

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

Exposures to Foreign Currency Risk

The Group's currency exposure relates to foreign currency denominated bank accounts as well as transactions comprising of receivables and payables. Since the Company exports 100% of its revenues, all its sales transactions are in foreign currency, specifically denominated in US Dollars.

The following table shows the Group's significant foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities in their US Dollar (USD) and Philippine Peso equivalents:

	June 30, 2020	
	U.S. Dollar	Philippine Peso ¹
Current financial assets:		
Cash	\$28,300	P1,399,992

¹The exchange rate used to convert the U.S. dollar amounts into Philippine peso was US\$1.00 to ₱49.47, the peso-dollar exchange rate as quoted in the Philippine Dealing System as at June 30, 2020.

There were no other significant foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2020.

Commodity price risk

The Group's mine product revenues are based on international commodity quotations (i.e., primarily on London Metal Exchange quotes and mainstream transaction prices) over which the Group has no significant influence or control. This exposes the Group's results of operations to commodity price volatilities that may significantly impact its cash flows.

2.9 KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Company's management intends to analyze future results of operations through the following key performance indicators, among other measures:

Tons Extracted and Ore Grade Sold and Shipped

Tons extracted and ore grade are key determinants of sales volume. Higher tonnage and ore grade are directly proportional to revenue level.

Actual Production Cost

Production cost per ton is a key measure of operating efficiency. A lower unit production cost in ore extraction will result in the Company meeting, if not exceeding, its profitability targets.

Earnings Per Share

The Company's earnings per share is a key measure of the Company's effectiveness in meeting its financial targets that in turn, will provide investors comparable benchmarks relative to similar companies.

2.10 DISTRIBUTION METHODS OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

Demand for Nickel

Laterite Nickel ore accounts for about two-thirds of the world's nickel resources but is generally not used for producing refined pure nickel because of its low nickel content that ranges between 1 – 2%.

After a series of sintering and smelting processes, removing impurities such as phosphorus, sulfur and silicon to specification, the laterite nickel ore can be processed into nickel pig iron that contains between 4% to 13% nickel with Iron and other metals accounting for the balance.

Chinese stainless steel producers use nickel pig iron, to which they will add chromium and other

materials, to produce 200 to 300 series stainless steel which accounts for more than 70% of total stainless steel production in China. China is the world's largest producer and consumer of stainless steel which requires nickel ore as the main ingredient.

The principal market of nickel ore production from Philippines is China. Due to implementation of nickel ore ban from Indonesia, the Philippines has become the main source of nickel ore exports to China.

Distribution Method

CPC's nickel ore is extracted from its mining property covered by MPSA 010-92-X and MPSA-283-2009-XIII-SMR in Dinagat Islands.

Equipment and other operating suppliers are readily available both locally and abroad and such CPC is not expected to be dependent upon one or limited number of suppliers.

2.11 GROUP'S STRATEGIC PLAN

The Group intends to continue exporting nickel ore in China, which is its principal market. The Group expects that the industry will perform better due to surging China imports and continued rise in selling prices for the nickel ores. Also, the Group has successfully implemented cost management programs resulting to a lower cost per WMT produced.

The Group will continue maximizing profitability by taking advantage of the increase in global demand of nickel ore while continuing effective cost management.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

There are no other information not previously reported in SEC Form 17-C that need to be reported in this section.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Securities Regulation Code, this issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Registrant: **CENTURY PEAK HOLDINGS CORPORATION**

By:


KATRINA C. KENG

Asst. Corp. Secretary/Corp. Information Officer


WILFREDO D. KENG

Chairman of the Board and President

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
CITY OF MAKATI

) ss.

Before me, a notary public in and for the city named above, personally appeared:

Name	Passport No./ Government-issued ID No.	Place/ Date of Issuance
Wilfredo D. Keng	TIN 103-990-999-000	Manila, Philippines
Katrina C. Keng	TIN 455-114-341	Manila, Philippines

who have been identified by me through the foregoing competent evidence of identity to be the same persons who presented the foregoing instrument and signed the instrument in my presence, and who took an oath before me as to such instrument.

Witness my hand and seal this 20th day of August 2020.

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Page No. 50 ;
Book No. 150 ;
Series of 2020.


ATTY. JOSHUA P. LAPUZ

Notary Public Makati City
Until Dec. 31, 2021
Appointment No. M-66-(2020-2021)
PTK No. 8116016 Jan. 2, 2020/Makati
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MCLE Compliance No. VI-0016565
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