



SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

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Company Information

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Company Type	Stock Corporation

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NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2: All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.

Century Peak Metals Holdings Corporation and Subsidiaries

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Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited) and for the Nine months Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited)

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

- 1. For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2019
- 2. Commission identification number CS200324966
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No 228-423-401-000
- CENTURY PEAK METALS HOLDINGS CORPORATION Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter
- 5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization Manila, Philippines
- 6. Industry Classification Code: (SEC Use Only)
- 7. <u>1403-1404 BDO-Equitable Bank Tower, 8751 Paseo De Roxas, Makati City</u> Address of issuer's principal office
- 8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code: +632-856-0999

9. Not Applicable

Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of each Class

Number of shares of common stock outstanding and amount of debt outstanding

1226

Postal Code

Common

2,820,330,450

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes [√] No []

If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:

Philippine Stock Exchange(PSE) Common Stock

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 there under or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 there under, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [√] No []Report: 17-Q

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [√] No []

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

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The interim consolidated financial statements as at September 30, 2019 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2018 (Audited) and for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 and the related notes to interim consolidated financial statements of Century Peak Metals Holdings Corporation and Subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") are filed as part of this Form 17-Q on pages 2 to 33.

For purposes of segment reporting, the Group has no other reportable segment other than mining and conversion of mineral resources.

There are no other material events subsequent to the end of this interim period that had not been reflected in the unaudited consolidated financial statements filed as part of this report.

CENTURY PEAK METALS HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Note	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31. 2018 (Audited)
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash		P21,407,118	P72,783,595
Trade receivables		38,833,796	1,12,700,00
Inventories	4	281,621,275	201,392,440
Other current assets	5	97,106,284	59,469,560
Total Current Assets		438,968,473	333,645,60
Noncurrent Assets			
Investment properties	6	784 767 272	207 116 52
Property and equipment - net	6 7	784,767,272	397,116,520
Explored mineral resources - net	8	889,786,695	910,044,246
Deferred exploration cost	9	1,628,109,336	1,652,192,295
Deferred tax assets	9	44,709,365	44,671,548
Other noncurrent assets	10	9,345,759	8,534,852
Total Noncurrent Assets	10	101,404,921	97,094,62
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,458,123,348 P3,897,091,821	3,109,654,088 P3,443,299,695
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	11	P229,359,190	P159,615,718
Due to related parties	13	1,067,059,923	635,300,084
Income tax payable		441,083	93,098
Total Current Liabilities		1,296,860,196	795,008,900
Noncurrent Liability			
Provision for site rehabilitation	12	16,372,480	15,199,945
Total Liabilities		1,313,232,676	810,208,845
Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company			
Capital stock	14	2,820,330,450	2,820,330,450
Additional paid-in capital		1,931,550	1,931,550
Deficit		(227,098,598)	(178,942,488)
		2,595,163,402	2,643,319,512
Non-controlling interest		(11,304,257)	(10,228,662)
Total Equity		2,583,859,145	2,633,090,850

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

CENTURY PEAK METALS HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

			τ	Jnaudited		Audited
	Note	July 1 to Septem ber 30, 2019	Ja n u a r y 1 to September 30, 2019	July 1 to Septem ber 30, 2018	Ja n u a r y l to Septe	December
SALES	TOIL	P74,709,940	P74,709,940	P-	mber 30, 2018 P-	31, 2018 P36,762,232
COST AND EXPENSES Cost of sales Operating expenses Depletion of explored mineral resources	4	(52,655,794) (18,975,472) (24,082,959)	(52,655,794) (46,603,607) (24,082,959)	(16,964,571) (15,593,786)	(57,482,560) (15,593,786)	(33,932,956) (85,584,169) (15,639,815)
LOSS BEFORE OTHER CHARGES		(21,004,285)	(48,632,420)	(32,558,357)	(73,076,346)	(98,394,708)
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) Interest expense Foreign exchange gain (loss) Interest income		(424,245) (74,119) 149,748	(1,172,535) (63,378) 266,804	(387,783) 74,223 28,080	(1,163,349) 204,165 38,137	(1,551,132) (35,552) 51,632
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX INCOME TAX BENEFIT		(21,352,901) 149,825	(49,601,529) 369,824	(32,843,837) 90,340	(73,997,393)	(99,929,760)
NET LOSS/TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		(P21,203,076)	(P49,231,705)	(P32,753,497)	277,667 (P73,719,726)	461,604 (P99,468,15 6)
NET LOSS/TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Equity holders of the parent company Non-controlling interest	14	(P20,861,418) (341,658) (P21,203,076)	(P48,156,110) (1,075,595) (P49,231,705)	(P32,417,167) (336,330) (P32,753,497)	(P71,206,544) (2,513,182) (P73,719,726)	(P95,804,417 (3,663,739) (P99,468,156
Loss Per Share Basic/diluted	15	(P0.0074)	(P0.0171)	(P0.0115)	(P0.0252)	(P0.0340)

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

CENTURY PEAK METALS HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

					Non- Controlling	
	Attributable	to Equity Holde	ers of the Parent C	Company	Interest	Total Equity
		Additional				
		Paid-in				
	Capital Stock	Capital	Deficit	Total		
Balance at January 1, 2019	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P178,942,488)	P2,643,319,512	(P10,228,662)	P2,633,090,850
Loss for the period	-	-	(48,156,110)	(48,156,110)	(1,075,595)	(49,231,705)
Balance at September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P227,098,598)	P2,595,163,402	(P11,304,257)	P2,583,859,145
Balance as at January 1, 2018	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P83,138,071)	P2,739,123,929	(P6,564,923)	P2,732,559,006
Loss for the period	-	-	(71,206,544)	(71,206,544)	(2,513,182)	(73,719,726)
Balance as at September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P154,344,615)	P2,667,917,385	(P9,078,105)	P2,658,839,280
Balance at January 1, 2018	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P83,138,071)	P2,739,123,929	(P6,564,923)	P2,732,559,006
Loss for the year	-	-	(95,804,417)	(95,804,417)	(3,663,739)	(99,468,156)
Balance at December 31, 2018 (Audited)	P2,820,330,450	P1,931,550	(P178,942,488)	P2,643,319,512	(P10,228,662)	P2,633,090,850

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

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CENTURY PEAK METALS HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		Unau	Audited	
	1700	January 1 to	January 1 to	
		September 30,	September 30,	December
	Note	2019	2018	31, 2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Loss before income tax		(P49,601,529)	(P73,997,393)	(P99,929,760)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	7,8	48,142,670	22,879,181	37,663,761
Interest expense		1,172,535	1,163,349	1,551,132
Interest income		(266,804)	(38,137)	35,552
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)		63,378	(204,165)	(51,632)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(489,750)	(50,197,165)	(60,730,947)
Increase in:				
Trade receivables		(38,833,796)	-	-
Inventories		(58,209,255)	(74,931,998)	(77,116,870)
Other current assets		(37,636,718)	(34,451,410)	(31,291,957)
Increase in accounts payable and other current		(() , , ,
liabilities		69,743,471	54,793,266	85,836,568
Net cash used in operations		(65,426,048)	(104,787,307)	(83,303,206)
Interest received		266,804	38,137	51,632
Income taxes paid		(93,097)	(14,042,863)	(14,042,862)
Interest paid		-	(40,914)	(54,552)
Net cash used in operating activities		(65,252,341)	(118,832,947)	(97,348,988)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of property and equipment Increase in: Investment properties Deferred exploration costs Other noncurrent assets Cash used in investing activities	7 6	(25,821,734) (387,650,746) (37,817) (4,310,300) (417,820,597)	(22,356,253) (160,752,159) (359,699) (2,964,797) (186,432,908)	(27,918,413) (270,533,365) (359,699) (3,625,855) (302,437,332)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
		431,759,839	286,785,743	431,094,303
Advances from stockholders	the second se			
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		(63.378)	204,165	(35,552)
		(63,378)	204,165	(35,552)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		(63,378) (51,376,477)	204,165 (18,275,947)	
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES IN CASH				(35,552) 31,272,431 41,511,164

See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

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<u>CENTURY PEAK METALS HOLDINGS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Corporate Information

Century Peak Metals Holdings Corporation (CPMHC or the "Parent Company"), was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 30, 2003.

The Parent Company is engaged in promoting, operating, managing, holding, acquiring or investing in corporations or entities that are engaged in mining activities or mining-related activities. The Parent Company is also engaged in investing in real estate development and energy.

The Parent Company listed its common shares of stock with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) on October 6, 2009.

The Parent Company operates as the holding company of the following subsidiaries:

	Percentage of O	wnership (a)
-	Direct	Indirect
Century Peak Corporation (CPC)	100.00	-
Century Peak Mineral Development Corporation		
(CPMDC) ^(b)	100.00	-
Century Peak Cement Manufacturing Corporation		
(CPCMC) ^(b)	100.00	-
Century Sidewide Smelting Incorporated (CSSI) ^(c)	60.00	-
Century Hua Guang Smelting Incorporated (CHGSI) ^(c)	55.00	-
Century Summit Carrier, Inc. (CSCI) ^(d)	-	80.00

^(a)Based on the Parent Company's interest in the issued and outstanding shares of the subsidiaries.

^(b)*CPMDC* and *CPCMC* were incorporated in 2015 and have not yet started commercial operations.

^(c)CSSI and CHGSI have not yet started commercial operations.

^(d)Owned by the Parent Company through CPC.

The registered office address of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") is at 1403-1404 BDO-Equitable Bank Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

The Parent Company's subsidiaries were all incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the SEC. Their principal activities are as follows:

CPC and CHGSI	Invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining of any mineral resources in the Philippines such as iron, ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, etc.
CSSI	Invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining of any mineral resources in the Philippines and to engage in the business of managing, administering solid waste disposal system.
CPMDC	Engaged in the business of operating and mining mineral resources in the Philippines, such as limestone, lime, silica, iron ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, among other minerals, both metallic and non-metallic; prospecting, exploring, milling, concentrating, converting, smelting, treating, refining, manufacturing, and preparing for market, whether export or domestic, such mineral resources and producing and dealing in all its products and by-products of every kind and description and by whatsoever process, the same can
CPCMC	be or may hereafter be produced. Engaged in the business of manufacture, production and merchandising, whether export or domestic, of cement, cement products and by-products, including its derivatives and any and all kinds of minerals and building materials.
CSCI	Engaged in the business of operating barges, steamships, motorboats and other kinds of water crafts for the transportation of cargoes and passengers.

Mineral Rights of CPC

The table below summarizes CPC's mineral rights:

Tenement Designation	Area Covered (in Hectares)	Location
Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) 010-92- X	1,198	Casiguran, Loreto, Dinagat Islands
MPSA-283-2009-XIII-SMR Application for Mineral	3,188	Libjo (Albor), Dinagat Islands
Production Sharing Agreement (APSA) 086-XIII	718	Acoje, Loreto, Dinagat Islands

MPSA-010-92-X or the "Casiguran Nickel Project," was acquired by CPC from Casiguran Mining Corporation by virtue of a deed of assignment on May 29, 2006, which was approved by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) on December 11, 2006. In addition, MPSA-283-2009-XIII-SMR or the "Rapid City Parcel II Prospect" ("Rapid City") was approved by the DENR on June 19, 2009.

The Acoje Property is covered by APSA-086-XIII and Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) No. 008-345-301C. APSA-086-XIII is still under final evaluation with the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) Central Office as at September 30, 2019.

DENR and Mining Audit

Mining Audit

On a letter dated October 3, 2016, the DENR notified CPC of the results, findings and recommendations of the mining audit conducted for the operations in Loreto and Libjo, Dinagat Islands pursuant to the DENR Memorandum Circular No. 2016-01 re: "Audit of All Operating Mines and Moratorium on New Mining Projects" issued on July 29, 2016.

On a letter dated October 25, 2016, CPC responded by submitting a complete update on the DENR recommendations and changes implemented by CPC.

On January 16, 2017, a "Memorandum to the Secretary, was submitted by the DENR's Technical Review Committee, which is tasked to review the results of the mining audit report and submitted comments and explanation of CPC, recommending the suspension of the CPC's Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC), Ore Transport Permit and/or Mineral Export permit pertaining to its mining operations in Loreto and Libjo, Dinagat Islands and fined CPC for various violations.

On February 2, 2017, the DENR released a list of mining firms for closure and suspension. CPC was excluded on the aforementioned list.

CPC has not received any formal letter from the DENR pertaining to the suspension of its ECC, Ore Transport Permit and/or Mineral Export permit.

On February 15, 2018, DENR issued a list of companies with denied or rejected MPSA. The Parent Company or any of its subsidiaries is not included in the mentioned report.

DENR Adverse Findings on the Cement and Limestone project

On December 14, 2016, the DENR issued a Notice of Adverse Findings (NAF) with regards to CPC's ECC-CO-1505-0017 for the proposed Cement and Limestone project (the "Project") in Pinamungahan, Cebu.

On a letter dated December 23, 2016, CPC responded to the issued NAF by the DENR indicating that the Project's ECC should not be cancelled nor suspended as CPC has substantively complied with the conditions set forth in the ECC.

CPC has not received any formal letter from the DENR pertaining to their reply on the NAF.

The Smelting Plant Project

CHGSI

CHGSI was registered and incorporated with the SEC on January 14, 2008. The principal activities of CHGSI are to invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining mineral resources in the Philippines such as iron ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, etc.; prospecting, exploring, milling, concentrating, converting, smelting, treating, refining, and manufacturing; preparing for the market, whether export or domestic; and producing and dealing in all its products and by-products of every kind and description and by whatsoever process the same can be or may be hereafter be produced.

On October 28, 2009, CHGSI was registered with Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) under Republic Act (RA) No. 7916 as an ecozone export enterprise engaged in the production of ferro-nickel (pig iron) at the Leyte Industrial Development Estate - Special Economic Zone (LIDE-SEZ).

By virtue of its PEZA registration, CHGSI is entitled to, among other incentives, four (4) years income tax holiday, which shall be reckoned upon its start of commercial operations, as well as tax and duty free importation of its capital equipment and raw materials, subject to its compliance with the terms and conditions of its registration.

As at September 30, 2019, CHGSI has not yet started its commercial operation.

CSSI

In 2011, the Parent Company entered into a partnership with Sidewide Resources (H.K.) Limited, a subsidiary of Chaoyang Saiwai Mining Co., Ltd of P. R. China., a group that owns an iron powder processing plant, electric furnace smelting plant, and primarily does mineral ore trading. It is the Parent Company's plan to set up electric furnaces in the future to enhance the production of its nickel pig iron. From this formed partnership, CSSI is incorporated.

As at September 30, 2019, CSSI has not yet started with its commercial operation.

Mining Operations

CPC has mining activities in selected areas covered by its MPSA in the province of Dinagat Islands.

There are two Geologic Resource Evaluation Reports for the Casiguran Nickel Project and a Resource Evaluation Report for the Rapid City Parcel II Prospect, which were prepared by Dr. Carlo A. Arcilla, an accredited competent person in accordance with the definition of the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code.

Based on the reports, the Casiguran Nickel Project and Rapid City Parcel II Prospect have a combined indicated and measured resource of 9,897,000 DMT with a grade of 1.02% nickel (at 0.8% nickel cut-off) and 9,067,000 DMT with a grade of 1.07% nickel (at 0.8% nickel cut-off), respectively. These represent 100,000 metric tons of pure nickel and 3.5 million tons of iron and 90,000 tons of pure nickel and 3.8 million tons of iron for the Casiguran Nickel Project and Rapid City Parcel II Prospect, respectively, subject to mining plans and metal recovery parameters.

Management looks forward to continue developing and exploring these mineral properties either on its own or with joint venture partners.

Extension of Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) 010-92-X (Casiguran Nickel Project)

On May 11, 2016, CPC filed an application for renewal for MPSA No. 010-92-X at the MGB Regional Office No. XIII, set to expire on May 6, 2017.

In response to the initial filing for renewal, MGB Regional Office No. XIII has directed CPC last January 11, 2017 to submit certain requirements. CPC subsequently refiled its application for renewal on August 15, 2017.

On September 12, 2017, MGB Regional Office No. XIII through its letter, informed CPC that its application has not been endorsed to the MGB Central Office for further review and evaluation pending the remaining mandatory requirements.

As at September 30, 2019, outstanding requirements for submission to MGB include Local Government Unit (LGU) project approval/endorsement in the form of a resolution from the Sangguniang Bayan of Loreto, Dinagat Islands. Currently, CPC is in the process of obtaining the required endorsements from the Sangguniang Bayan of Loreto through the settlement of its outstanding municipal business tax obligation with the Municipality of Loreto, Dinagat Islands.

Based on management's discussions with the Municipality of Loreto, Dinagat Islands, management is certain that the full payment of the municipal business tax would cause the issuance of the required endorsement from the Municipality of Loreto, Dinagat Islands. MPSA renewal would depend on the approval of MGB.

Nevertheless, MGB issued a certification dated February 1, 2019, stating that CPC is the holder/operator of the valid and subsisting mining tenements subject for renewal. Given these conditions, management believes that MGB will approve the renewal of the MPSA.

The Cement and Limestone Project

Through a Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) executed between Philippine Mining Development Corporation (PMDC) and CPC dated December 10, 2010, with a term of 25 years, the Group has 4,795 hectares in Pinamungahan, Cebu to mine limestone. An initial resource assessment conducted in 2012 on an 81 hectare area estimate as indicated limestone resource of 34,000,000 metric tons.

In April and July 2015, the Group was able to obtain the ECC for the Cement Plant/Power Plant and Limestone Quarry Project, respectively.

Registration of CPCMC with the BOI

On January 22, 2018, CPCMC was registered with the BOI with Certificate of Registration No. 2018-015, on its cement plant project at Barangay Sacsac, Pinamungahan, Cebu, as a new producer of cement on a Non-Pioneer Status under the Omnibus Investments Code of 1987 (Executive Order No. 226).

As a BOI-registered entity, CPCMC is entitled to the following incentives, among others:

a. ITH for four (4) years from October 2020 or actual start of commercial operations, whichever is earlier but in no case earlier than the date of registration.

b. Importation of capital equipment, spare parts and accessories at zero duty under Executive Order No. 22 and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. Only equipment directly needed and exclusively used in its operations shall be entitled to capital equipment incentives.

c. Additional deduction from taxable income of fifty percent (50%) of the wages corresponding to the increment in number of direct labor for skilled and unskilled workers in the year of availment as against the previous year, if the project meets the prescribed ratio of capital equipment to the number of workers set by the BOI. This may be availed of for the first five (5) years from the date of registration but not simultaneously with ITH.

d. Importation of consigned goods equipment for a period of ten (10) years from date of registration, subject to posting of re-export bond.

e. Tax credit equivalent to the national internal revenue taxes and duties paid on raw materials and supplies and semi-manufactured products used in producing its export product and forming part thereof for a period of ten (10) years from the start of commercial operations.

Request for amendment of the date of start of commercial operations for purposes of determining the reckoning date of the ten (10) year period, shall be filed within one (1) year from the date of committed start of commercial operations.

f. Exemption from what fage dues, and any export tax, duty, impost and fee for a period of ten (10) years from date of registration.

g. Employment of foreign nationals. This may be allowed in supervisory, technical or advisory positions for five (5) years from the date of registration. The president, general manager and treasurer of foreign-owned registered enterprises or their equivalent shall not be subject to the foregoing limitations.

h. Simplification of customs procedures for the importation of equipment, spare parts, raw materials and supplies.

CSCI

On April 10, 2018, CSCI was registered with the Maritime Industry Authority with Certificate No. DSS-2006-003-042 (2018) under Marina Circular 2006-003, which is valid until April 9, 2021.

2. Basis of Preparation and Statement of Compliance

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting and are presented in Philippine Peso, the Group's functional and presentation currency. All values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise stated.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not included all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2018.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Group for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 have been prepared in accordance with PAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* and in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) issued by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) and adopted by the SEC. This financial reporting framework included PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS), Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) and SEC provisions.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Adoption of Amendments to Standards

The Group has adopted the following amendments to standards and new interpretation starting January 1, 2019 and accordingly, changed its accounting policies. Except as otherwise indicated, the adoption of these amendments to standards and interpretation did not have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2019

PFRS 16, Leases replaced PAS 17, Leases, IFRIC 4, Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15, Operating Leases-Incentives, and SIC-27, Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. PFRS 16 requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model similar to the accounting for finance leases under PAS 17 and sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. The standard provides two recognition exemptions for lessees from this PFRS – leases of low-value assets and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less).

At the commencement date of a lease, the lessee shall recognize a liability to make lease payments and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term. The lessee is required to recognize the interest on the lease liability and to depreciate the right-of-use (ROU) asset.

The lease liability shall be reviewed when there are changes in the lease term and other events affecting the lease, such as future lease payments resulting from a change in the index or rate used to determine those payments. The remeasurement of the lease liability should be recognized as an adjustment to the ROU asset.

Lessor accounting under PFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from accounting under PAS 17. The lessor shall continue to classify leases using the same classification principle as in PAS 17 to distinguish the two types of leases: operating and finance leases.

As at September 30, 2019, there is no lease agreement beyond 1 year, hence, the Group does not expect significant impact on the adoption of this standard.

- Philippine Interpretation IFRIC 23, Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments The interpretation provides guidance on how to reflect the effects of uncertainty in accounting for income taxes under PAS 12, Income Taxes, in particular (i) matters to be considered in accounting for uncertain tax treatments separately, (ii) assumptions for taxation authorities' examinations, (iii) determinants of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, and (iv) effect of changes in facts and circumstances.
- Amendments to PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation* – The amendments clarify that a financial asset passes the "solely payments of principal and interest" criterion regardless of an event or circumstance that causes the early termination of the contract and irrespective of which party pays or receives reasonable compensation for the early termination of the contract. Consequently, financial assets with termination provisions can now be measured at amortized cost (or, depending on the business model, at fair value through other comprehensive income).

Standards Issued But Not Yet Adopted

Relevant new and amended PFRS, which are not yet effective as at December 31, 2019 and have not been applied in preparing the consolidated financial statements, are summarized below.

Effective January 1, 2020

- Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in PFRS The amendments include a new chapter on measurement; guidance on reporting financial performance; improved definitions and guidance-in particular the definition of a liability; and clarifications in important areas, such as the roles of stewardship, prudence and measurements uncertainty in financial reporting. The amendments should be applied retrospectively unless retrospective application would be impracticable or involve undue cost or effort.
- Amendments to PFRS 3 *Definition of a Business* This amendment provides a new definition of a "business" which emphasizes that the output of a business is to provide goods and services to customers, whereas the previous definition focused on returns in the form of dividends, lower costs or other economic benefits to investors and others. To be considered a business, 'an integrated set of activities and assets' must now include 'an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create an output'. The distinction is important because an acquirer may recognize goodwill (or a bargain purchase) when acquiring a business but not a group of assets. An optional simplified assessment (the concentration test) has been introduced to help companies determine whether an acquisition is of a business or a group of assets.
- Amendments to PAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements* and PAS 8, *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - Definition of Material* – The amendments clarify the definition of "material" and how it should be applied by companies in making materiality judgments. The amendments ensure that the new definition is consistent across all PFRS standards. Based on the new definition, an information is "material" if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

4. Inventories

Inventories amounted to P281.6 million and P201.4 million as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and for the year ended December 31, 2018, the cost of inventories recognized in profit or loss amounted to P52.7 million, nil, and P33.9 million, respectively.

5. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Advances to:		
Third parties	P98,183,557	P69,429,491
Officers and employees	7,938,953	204,701
Prepaid expenses	3,149,334	2,000,934
	109,271,844	71,635,126
Allowance for impairment of other current		
assets	(12,165,560)	(12,165,560)
	P97,106,284	P59,469,566

Advances to third parties include operations costs incurred in advance which will be deducted against future billings.

Prepaid expenses primarily consist of prepaid taxes, insurance, supplies and various items that are individually immaterial.

6. Investment Properties

This account consists of:

	Land	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost January 1, 2018	P21,385,768	P105,197,393	P126,583,161
Additions	-	270,533,365	270,533,365
December 31, 2018 Additions	21,385,768	375,730,758 387,650,746	397,116,526 387,650,746
September 30, 2019	P21,385,768	P763,381,504	P784,767,272

Investment properties consist of two parcels of land with carrying amount of P21.4 million as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. Fair values, which represent the price that would be received to sell the investment properties in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date on March 11, 2019, amounted to P56.4 million.

The non-recurring fair values of land as investment properties are determined by the Group through an independent property appraiser using the market data approach. In this approach, the values of the parcels of land are based on the following consideration:

- extent, character and utility of the properties;
- comparable properties which have been sold recently, plus current asking prices;
- zoning and current land usage in the locality; and
- highest and best use of the property

Management assessed that the market value has not changed significantly from the last appraisal made.

Construction in progress represents the construction and other direct cost incurred in relation with the Cement Plant located in Cebu and other facilities under construction.

7. Property and Equipment

Movements of this account are presented below:

	Land	Mine Site Development Cost	Transportation and Field Equipment	Office Space and Improvements	Office Equipment	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost							
January 1, 2018	P91,383,967	P421,154,027	P892,600,909	P39,652,804	P9,199,603	P211,613,630	P1,665,604,940
Additions	12,984,771	-	13,166,504	-	1,767,138	-	27,918,413
December 31, 2018	104,368,738	421,154,027	905,767,413	39,652,804	10,966,741	211,613,630	1,693,523,353
Additions	11,904,405	-	13,659,484		257,845	2 0 ¥1	25,821,734
September 30, 2019	116,273,143	421,154,027	919,426,897	39,652,804	11,224,586	211,613,630	1,719,345,087
Accumulated Depreciation, Amortization, and Depletion							
January 1, 2018	-	55,076,023	443,589,702	12,899,308	8,422,249	-	519,987,282
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	-	4,043,788	59,380,994	1,889,283	1,158,005	-	66,472,070
December 31, 2018	-	59,119,811	502,970,696	14,788,591	9,580,254	-	586,459,352
Depreciation, amortization and depletion	-	6,227,106	38,033,257	1,182,047	636,875	-	46,079,285
September 30, 2019	-	65,346,917	541,003,953	15,970,638	10,217,129	-	632,538,637
Allowance for Impairment Loss as at December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2019	÷	-	-	-	146,932	196,872,823	197,019,755
Carrying Amount							
December 31, 2018	P104,368,738	P362,034,216	P402,796,717	P24,864,213	P1,239,555	P14,740,807	P910,044,246
September 30, 2019	P116,273,143	P355,807,110	P378,422,944	P23,682,166	P860,525	P14,740,807	P889,786,695

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and for the year ended December 31, 2018, depreciation and amortization expense allocated to inventories amounted to P32.8 million, nil and P47.9 million, respectively.

Allowance for Impairment Losses on Property and Equipment

The Group has recognized provision for impairment losses on its property and equipment amounting to P197.0 million in 2013, following the impairment of some equipment, construction in progress and parcels of land of CHGSI in Leyte caused by typhoon Yolanda in November 2013. The fair value of these assets amounting to P54.4 million was based on the current replacement costs as estimated by an independent property appraiser.

As at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, no further impairment was assessed as the carrying amount in the books represents the scrap value of the said assets.

8. Explored Mineral Resources

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2018 (Audited)
Cost	P2,016,756,977	P2,016,756,977
Allowance for accumulated depletion		
Balance at beginning of year	(364,564,682)	(348,924,867)
Depletion	(24,082,959)	(15,639,815)
Balance at end of year	(388,647,641)	(364,564,682)
	P1,628,109,336	P1,652,192,295

Explored mineral resources are part of the group of assets of CPC that were acquired in 2008, in exchange for shares of stock of the Parent Company. At acquisition date, these explored mineral resources were measured based on the expected cash flows from the explored area of about 400.0 hectares or 42.0% of total area covered by the MPSA.

The financial model yielded an expected NPV on CPC's group of assets amounting to P2.0 billion using an investment hurdle rate of 36.6%. The NPV computation assumed an average selling price of USD 27,500.0 per metric ton of pure nickel, which considered a 16.2% discount to London Metal Exchange quoted prices; a 15-year production and selling period with a maximum annual production yield of 2.0 million metric tons; and an average production cost of USD 6.4 per wet metric ton. The valuation was prepared by Asian Alliance Investment Corporation (AAIC), an independent financial advisor. Subsequently, the Parent Company appointed Multinational Investment Bancorporation (MIB), another independent financial advisor, to render fairness opinion to the valuation. The result of MIB's report dated April 9, 2008 fairly approximated that of AAIC's report.

For purposes of computing the net present value using discounted cash flow method, the valuation of intangible assets involves the extraction of non-replaceable resource.

The assumptions used in the valuation included a number of market factors that are subject to market risk, such as commodity risk and currency risk. Significant changes in the commodity prices and foreign exchange rates would affect the fair value of the explored mineral resource.

9. Deferred Exploration Costs

Deferred exploration costs pertain to expenditures related to exploration for economic mineral deposits. This includes, among others, costs of exploration and mining rights acquisition, geological, geochemical and geophysical surveys, drilling, labor, materials and supplies, professional fees, community relations, and environmental management expenditures attributable to the cement project.

As at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the accumulated expenditures of the Group amounted to P44.7 million. Exploration activities are covered by a Joint Operating Agreement with Philippine Mining Development Corporation entered by the Group through CPC.

10. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2018 (Audited)
Input VAT	P60,834,614	P59,092,897
Deferred input VAT	872,699	2,332,232
Allowance for impairment losses on input VAT	(9,128,237)	(9,128,237)
	52,579,076	52,296,892
Rehabilitation funds	47,325,845	43,297,729
Investment in equity securities	1,500,000	1,500,000
	P101,404,921	P97,094,621

Deferred input VAT pertains to the unamortized input VAT from purchase of field and transportation equipment.

Rehabilitation funds were set up by the Group to ensure availability of financial resources for the satisfactory compliance with and performance of activities of its Environmental Protection and Enhancement Program during the specific phases of its mining projects. The funds also include a Social Development Management Program fund under a Memorandum of Agreement with the Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP).

The Group's rehabilitation funds are deposited with DBP and earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates.

Investment in equity securities pertain to the Parent Company's 3.0% ownership interest in Century Peak Property Development, Inc. representing 15,000 shares at P100.00 par value, which is measured at fair value.

11. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Accounts payable	P220,076,914	P150,609,353
Accrued contractors' fees	8,071,106	8,071,106
Others	1,211,170	935,259
	P229,359,190	P159,615,718

The Company's accounts payable are usually paid within one year. Accrued contractor's fees pertain to outstanding payables to previously engaged contractor, such amount is being negotiated by both parties. Others include statutory payables, accrued salaries and various items that are individually immaterial.

12. Provision for Site Rehabilitation Costs

A provision is recognized for the estimated rehabilitation costs of the Company's mine site upon termination of the MPSA, which is 25 years. The provision is calculated by the Company's engineers based on an estimate of the expected cost to be incurred to rehabilitate the mine site. The provision is presented at discounted value using the Philippine bond yield of 9.93% as the effective interest rate. The accretion of interest is recognized as part of "Interest expense" account in profit or loss.

13. Related Party Transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or under common control with the Group, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related entities of the Group. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Group and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related entities. Transactions between related parties are accounted for at arm's-length prices or on terms similar to those offered to nonrelated entities in an economically comparable market.

In considering each possible related entity relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form. Significant related party transactions represent mainly availment of non-interest-bearing advances from a stockholder for working capital purposes. As at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the total outstanding advances from a stockholder amounted to P1,067.1 million and P635.3 million, respectively.

The outstanding balances are unsecured without fixed repayment terms and interest.

14. Capital Stock

	Number of Shares	Amount	
Authorized, P1.00 par value	3,575,000,000	P3,575,000,000	
Issued and outstanding	2,820,330,450	P2,820,330,450	

The Group has 224 and 225 holders of common equity securities as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

The Group is compliant with the minimum public float of 10% that is required by the PSE, where the Parent Company's shares are traded.

15. Loss Per Share Computation

The following table presents information necessary to calculate earnings per share:

	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2018 (Audited)
Loss attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company (a)	(P48,156,110)	(P95,804,417)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (b)	2,820,330,450	2,820,330,450
Basic/diluted loss per share (a/b)	(P0.0171)	(P0.0340)

The Parent Company has no dilutive shares as at September 30, 2019.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis relate to the unaudited interim consolidated financial position and results of operations of the Group and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying interim unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes. The Company cautions that its business and financial performance is subject to certain risks and uncertainties. In evaluating the Company's business, investors should carefully consider all of the information contained in "Risk Factors."

2.1 OVERVIEW

The Parent Company was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 30, 2003.

The Parent Company listed its common shares of stock with the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) on October 6, 2009.

The Parent Company operates as the holding company of the following subsidiaries:

	Percentage of O	Percentage of Ownership (a)	
-	Direct	Indirect	
Century Peak Corporation (CPC)	100.00	-	
Century Peak Mineral Development Corporation (CPMDC) ^(b)	100.00	-	
Century Peak Cement Manufacturing Corporation (CPCMC) ^(b)	100.00	-	
Century Sidewide Smelting Incorporated (CSSI) (c)	60.00	-	
Century Hua Guang Smelting Incorporated (CHGSI) ^(c)	55.00	-	
Century Summit Carrier, Inc. (CSCI) ^(d)	-	80.00	

^(a)Based on the Parent Company's interest in the issued and outstanding shares of the subsidiaries.

^(b)CPMDC and CPCMC were incorporated in 2015 and have not yet started commercial operations.

^(c)*CSSI and CHGSI have not yet started commercial operations.* ^(d)*Owned by the Parent Company through CPC.*

The registered office address of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") is at 1403-1404 BDO-Equitable Bank Tower, 8751 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City.

The Parent Company's subsidiaries were all incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the SEC. Their principal activities are as follows:

CPC and CHGSI	Invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining of any mineral resources in the Philippines such as iron, ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromites, nickel, etc.
CSSI	Invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining of any mineral resources in the Philippines and to engage in the business of managing, administering solid waste disposal system.
CPMDC	Engaged in the business of operating and mining any mineral resources in the Philippines, such as limestone, lime, silica, iron ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromites, nickel, among other minerals, both metallic and non-metallic; prospecting, exploring, milling, concentrating, converting, smelting, treating, refining, manufacturing, and preparing for market, whether export or domestic, such mineral resources and producing and dealing in all its products and by-products of every kind and description and by whatsoever process,
CPCMC	the same can be or may hereafter be produced. Engaged in the business of manufacture, production and merchandising, whether export or domestic, of cement, cement products and by-products, including its derivatives and any and all kinds of minerals and building materials.
CSCI	Engaged in the business of operating barges, steamships, motorboats and other kinds of water crafts for the transportation of cargoes and passengers.

Mineral Rights of CPC

The table below summarizes CPC's mineral rights:

Tenement Designation	Area Covered (in Hectares)	Location
Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) 010-92- X	1,198	Casiguran, Loreto, Dinagat Islands
MPSA-283-2009-XIII-SMR Application for Mineral Production Sharing	3,188	Libjo (Albor), Dinagat Islands
Agreement (APSA) 086-XIII	718	Acoje, Loreto, Dinagat Islands

MPSA-010-92-X or the "Casiguran Nickel Project," was acquired by CPC from Casiguran Mining Corporation by virtue of a deed of assignment on May 29, 2006, which was approved by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) on December 11, 2006. In addition, MPSA-283-2009-XIII-SMR or the "Rapid City Parcel II Prospect" ("Rapid City") was approved by the DENR on June 19, 2009.

The Acoje Property is covered by APSA-086-XIII and Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) No. 008-345-301C. APSA-086-XIII is still under final evaluation with the Mines and Geosciences Bureau (MGB) Central Office as at September 30, 2019.

DENR and Mining Audit

Mining Audit

On a letter dated October 3, 2016, the DENR notified CPC of the results, findings and recommendations of the mining audit conducted for the operations in Loreto and Libjo, Dinagat Islands pursuant to the DENR Memorandum Circular No. 2016-01 re: "Audit of All Operating Mines and Moratorium on New Mining Projects issued on July 29, 2016.

On a letter dated October 25, 2016, CPC responded by submitting a complete update on the DENR recommendations and changes implemented by CPC.

On January 16, 2017, a "Memorandum to the Secretary, was submitted by the DENR's Technical Review Committee, which is tasked to review the results of the mining audit report and submitted comments and explanation of CPC, recommending the suspension of the CPC's Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC), Ore Transport Permit and/or Mineral Export permit pertaining to its mining operations in Loreto and Libjo, Dinagat Islands and fined CPC for various violations.

On February 2, 2017, the DENR released a list of mining firms for closure and suspension. CPC was excluded on the aforementioned list.

CPC has not received any formal letter from the DENR pertaining to the suspension of its ECC, Ore Transport Permit and/or Mineral Export permit.

On February 15, 2018, DENR issued a list of companies with denied or rejected MPSA. The Parent Company or any of its subsidiaries is not included in the mentioned report.

DENR Adverse Findings on the Cement and Limestone project

On December 14, 2016, the DENR issued a Notice of Adverse Findings (NAF) with regards to CPC's ECC-CO-1505-0017 for the proposed Cement and Limestone project (the "Project") in Pinamungahan, Cebu.

On a letter dated December 23, 2016, CPC responded to the issued NAF by the DENR indicating that the Project's ECC should not be cancelled nor suspended as CPC has substantively complied with the conditions set forth in the ECC.

CPC has not received any formal letter from the DENR pertaining to their reply on the NAF.

The Smelting Plant Project

CHGSI

CHGSI was registered and incorporated with the SEC on January 14, 2008. The principal activities of CHGSI are to invest in and engage in the business of operating and mining mineral resources in the Philippines such as iron ore, copper, gold, silver, lead, manganese, chromite, nickel, etc.; prospecting, exploring, milling, concentrating, converting, smelting, treating, refining, and manufacturing; preparing for the market, whether export or domestic; and producing and dealing in all its products and by-products of every kind and description and by whatsoever process the same can be or may be hereafter be produced.

On October 28, 2009, CHGSI was registered with Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) under Republic Act (RA) No. 7916 as an ecozone export enterprise engaged in the production of ferro-nickel (pig iron) at the Leyte Industrial Development Estate - Special Economic Zone (LIDE-SEZ).

By virtue of its PEZA registration, CHGSI is entitled to, among other incentives, four (4) years income tax holiday, which shall be reckoned upon its start of commercial operations, as well as tax and duty free importation of its capital equipment and raw materials, subject to its compliance with the terms and conditions of its registration.

As at September 30, 2019, CHGSI has not yet started with its commercial operation.

CSSI

In 2011, the Parent Company entered into a partnership with Sidewide Resources (H.K.) Limited, a subsidiary of Chaoyang Saiwai Mining Co., Ltd of P. R. China., a group that owns an iron powder processing plant, electric furnace smelting plant, and primarily does mineral ore trading. It is the Parent Company's plan to set up electric furnaces in the future to enhance the production of its nickel pig iron. From this formed partnership, CSSI is incorporated.

As at September 30, 2019, CSSI has not yet started with its commercial operation.

Mining Operations

CPC has mining activities in selected areas covered by its MPSA in the province of Dinagat Islands.

There are two Geologic Resource Evaluation Reports for the Casiguran Nickel Project and a Resource Evaluation Report for the Rapid City Parcel II Prospect, which were prepared by Dr. Carlo A. Arcilla, an accredited competent person in accordance with the definition of the Philippine Mineral Reporting Code.

Based on the reports, the Casiguran Nickel Project and Rapid City Parcel II Prospect have a combined indicated and measured resource of 9,897,000 DMT with a grade of 1.02% nickel (at 0.8% nickel cut-off) and 9,067,000 DMT with a grade of 1.07% nickel (at 0.8% nickel cut-off), respectively. These represent 100,000 metric tons of pure nickel and 3.5 million tons of iron and 90,000 tons of pure nickel and 3.8 million tons of iron for the Casiguran Nickel Project and Rapid City Parcel II Prospect, respectively, subject to mining plans and metal recovery parameters.

Management looks forward to continue developing and exploring these mineral properties either on its own or with joint venture partners.

Extension of Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA) 010-92-X (Casiguran Nickel Project)

On May 11, 2016, CPC filed an application for renewal for MPSA No. 010-92-X at the MGB Regional Office No. XIII, set to expire on May 6, 2017.

In response to the initial filing for renewal, MGB Regional Office No. XIII has directed CPC last January 11, 2017 to submit certain requirements. CPC subsequently refiled its application for renewal on August 15, 2017.

On September 12, 2017, MGB Regional Office No. XIII through its letter, informed CPC that its application has not been endorsed to the MGB Central Office for further review and evaluation pending the remaining mandatory requirements.

As at September 30, 2019, outstanding requirements for submission to MGB include Local Government Unit (LGU) project approval/endorsement in the form of a resolution from the Sangguniang Bayan of Loreto, Dinagat Islands. Currently, CPC is in the process of obtaining the required endorsements from the Sangguniang Bayan of Loreto through the settlement of its outstanding municipal business tax obligation with the Municipality of Loreto, Dinagat Islands.

Based on management's discussions with the Municipality of Loreto, Dinagat Islands, management is certain that the full payment of the municipal business tax would cause the issuance of the required

endorsement from the Municipality of Loreto, Dinagat Islands. MPSA renewal would depend on the approval of MGB.

Nevertheless, MGB issued a certification dated February 1, 2019, stating that CPC is the holder/operator of the valid and subsisting mining tenements subject for renewal. Given these conditions, management believes that MGB will approve the renewal of the MPSA.

The Cement and Limestone Project

Through a Joint Operating Agreement (JOA) executed between Philippine Mining Development Corporation (PMDC) and CPC dated December 10, 2010, with a term of 25 years, the Group has 4,795 hectares in Pinamungahan, Cebu to mine limestone. An initial resource assessment conducted in 2012 on an 81 hectare area estimate as indicated limestone resource of 34,000,000 metric tons.

In April and July 2015, the Group was able to obtain the ECC for the Cement Plant/Power Plant and Limestone Quarry Project, respectively.

Registration of CPCMC with the BOI

On January 22, 2018, CPCMC was registered with the BOI with Certificate of Registration No. 2018-015, on its cement plant project at Barangay Sacsac, Pinamungahan, Cebu, as a new producer of cement on a Non-Pioneer Status under the Omnibus Investments Code of 1987 (Executive Order No. 226).

CSCI

On December 8, 2011, CSCI was registered with the Maritime Industry Authority with Certificate No. DSO-2006-003-086 (2014) under Marina Circular 2006-003, which is valid until April 9, 2021.

2.3 RESULT OF OPERATION

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Group's operation resulted to net loss of P49.2 million.

Unaudited Interim Consolidate	Statements of	Comprehensive Income
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2019 P74,710	2018	% change
P74,710		
	P-	-
(52,656)	-	-
(22,054)	_	-
(46,604)	(57,483)	-19%
(24,083)	(15,594)	54%
(969)	(921)	5%
370	278	33%
(49,231)	(73,720)	-33%
(P48,156)	(P71,207)	-32%
(P0.0171)	(P0.0252)	
	(22,054) (46,604) (24,083) (969) 370 (49,231) (P48,156)	(22,054) - (46,604) (57,483) (24,083) (15,594) (969) (921) 370 278 (49,231) (73,720) (P48,156) (P71,207)

2.4 OPERATING RESULTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 COMPARED WITH SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

During the nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Group's operation resulted to net loss of P49.2 million.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Group made two shipment totaling 99,000 WMT of nickel ore. The Group recognized the revenue and cost of sales amounting to P74.7 million and P52.7 million, respectively. Operating expenses of P46.6 million and P57.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, or 19% lower.

The Group's operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 pertain mainly to salaries, depreciation, and taxes and licenses, which represents 45%, 15% and 4%, respectively of the total operating expenses.

2.5 FINANCIAL CONDITION

In thousands, except % change data	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2018 (Audited)	% Change
Total Current Assets	P438,968	P333,646	32%
Total Assets	3,897,092	3,443,300	13%
Current Liabilities	1,296,860	795,009	63%
Total Liabilities	1,313,233	810,209	62%
Total equity attributable to equity holders			
of the parent	2,595,163	2,643,320	-2%
Equity Attributable to Minority Interests	(11,304)	(10,229)	11%
Total Equity	2,583,859	2,633,091	-2%
Current assets/Total assets	11%	10%	
Current ratio	34%	42%	
Debt to equity ratio	51%	31%	

Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

The net increase in current assets mainly pertains to increase in inventories and trade receivables amounting to P80.2 million and P38.8 million, respectively.

The noncurrent assets of the Group mainly consist of explored mineral resources, investment properties, property and equipment and deferred exploration costs. The net increase mainly due to additions in investment properties and property and equipment net of depreciation expense charged for the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

The liabilities of the Group mainly consist of payables to contractors, suppliers and related parties. The payable to related parties represents advances which were used to finance the operation of the Group. The increase was mainly due to additional payable to contractors and suppliers of spare parts.

2.6 LIQUIDITY and CAPITAL RESOURCES

The table below shows the Group's consolidated cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

	For the nine months ended September 30		
In thousands, except % change data	2019	2018	% change
Net cash used in operating activities	(P65,252)	(P118,833)	-45%
Cash used in investing activities	(417,821)	(186,433)	124%
Cash provided by financing activities	431,760	286,786	51%
Effect of exchange rate changes in cash	(63)	204	-131%
Net decrease in cash	(51,376)	(18,276)	181%
Cash at beginning of year	72,784	41,511	75%
Cash at end of year	P21,407	P23,235	-8%

Unaudited Interim Consolidated Cash Flows

The Group believes that it has sufficient resources to finance its working capital requirements. The Group expects to regularly undertake shipment of ore and the corresponding management and collection of trade receivables, and temperance of accounts payable. Long-term events such as the additional purchase of property and equipment can be met by the Group via infusions of either equity or debt through the shareholders. All funding for the Group's operations for the next 12 months shall be

internally generated. The majority shareholder has committed to continually provide working capital to the Group to assure its continuous operations.

Cash used in investing activities mainly pertain to addition to investment properties and property and equipment amounting to P387.7 million and P25.8 million, respectively.

2.7 FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

All secondary licensees of the Commission (financing companies, broker dealer of securities and underwriters) and public companies are required to include a schedule showing financial soundness indicators in two comparative periods, as follows:

	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2018 (Audited)
Current Assets	438,968,473	333,645,607
Current Liabilities	1,296,860,196	795,008,900
Current Ratio	0.34	0.42
Total Liabilities	1,313,232,676	810,208,845
Total Equity	2,583,859,145	2,633,090,850
Debt to equity ratio	0.51	0.31
Loss before depreciation,		
amortization and depletion	(42,191,143)	(62,265,999)
Total Liabilities	1,313,232,676	810,208,845
Solvency ratio	(0.03)	(.08)
Total Assets	2 907 001 921	2 442 200 605
Total Equity	3,897,091,821 2,583,859,145	3,443,299,695
Asset to equity ratio	2,565,659,145	2,633,090,850
5	1.31	1.31
Loss before Interest Expense and Taxes		(00.001.000
Interest Expense	(48,632,420)	(98,394,708)
A	1,172,535	1,551,132
Interest rate coverage ratio	(41.48)	(63.43)
Net Loss	(49,231,705)	(99,468,156)
Total Assets	3,897,091,821	3,443,299,695
Return on Asset ratio	(0.01)	(0.03)
Net Loss	(40.321.505)	
Total Equity	(49,231,705) 2,583,859,145	(99,468,156)
Return on Equity ratio		2,633,090,850
	(0.02)	(0.04)

2.8 **RISK**

Overview

The Group's financial instruments consist of cash, rehabilitation funds, investment in equity securities, due to related parties and accounts payable and other current liabilities. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Group's current operations. The main risks arising from the use of these financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Risk Management Framework

The Board of Directors (BOD) and management have overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations. There were no changes in the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk and the methods used to measure the risk from previous year.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's bank deposits and trade debtors and is monitored on an ongoing basis. The objective is to reduce the risk of loss through default by counterparties. The risk is managed by spreading financial transactions, including bank deposits, across an approved list of high quality banks.

Exposure to Credit Risk

The carrying amounts of financial assets, which are classified as loans and receivables, represent the maximum credit exposure. Credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2018 (Audited)
Cash in banks	P21,407,118	P72,783,595
Trade receivables	38,833,796	-
Rehabilitation funds	47,325,845	43,297,729
	P68,732,963	P116,081,324

Cash in banks, trade receivable and rehabilitation funds are of high grade quality. High grade cash in banks and rehabilitation funds are invested and deposited in reputable local banks. These accounts are typically not impaired as the counterparties generally respond to credit actions and update their payments accordingly.

The Company trades only with recognized and creditworthy third parties. It is the Company's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures.

The credit qualities of financial assets that were neither past due nor impaired are determined based on the credit standing or rating of the counterparty.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Group considers expected cash flows from financial assets in assessing and managing liquidity risk, in particular its cash resources. Cash balances are managed with two main objectives: maintain maximum liquidity and minimize the cost of borrowing.

Exposure to Liquidity Risk

The following tables summarize the maturity of the Group's financial liabilities as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 based on contractual repayment arrangements:

	September 30, 2019		
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	Due Within One Year
Accounts payable and other current liabilities*	P229,359,190	P229,359,190	P229,359,190
Due to related parties	1,067,059,923	1,067,059,923	1,067,059,923
	P1,296,419,113	P1,296,419,113	P1,296,419,113

*Excludes non-financial liabilities amounting to P1.2 million..

	December 31, 2018		
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	Due Within One Year
Accounts payable and other			
current liabilities*	P158,680,459	P158,680,459	P158,680,459
Due to related parties	635,300,084	635,300,084	635,300,084
	P793,980,543	P793,980,543	P793,980,543

*Excludes non-financial liabilities amounting to P0.9 million.

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

Market Risks

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return.

Exposures to Foreign Currency Risk

The Group's currency exposure relates to foreign currency denominated bank accounts as well as transactions comprising of receivables and payables. Since the Company exports 100% of its revenues, all its sales transactions are in foreign currency, specifically denominated in US Dollars.

The following table shows the Group's significant foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities in their US Dollar (USD) and Philippine Peso equivalents:

	September 30, 2019		
	U.S. Dollar	PhilippinePeso ¹	
Current financial assets:			
Cash	\$160,219	P8,304,164	
Trade receivables	749,253	38,833,796	
	\$909,472	P47,137,960	

¹The exchange rate used to convert the U.S. dollar amounts into Philippine peso was US\$1.00 to P51.83, the peso-dollar exchange rate as quoted in the Bankers Association of the Philippines as at September 30, 2019.

There were no other significant foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

Commodity price risk

The Group's mine product revenues are based on international commodity quotations (i.e., primarily on London Metal Exchange quotes and mainstream transaction prices) over which the Group has no significant influence or control. This exposes the Group's results of operations to commodity price volatilities that may significantly impact its cash flows.

2.9 KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Company's management intends to analyze future results of operations through the following key performance indicators, among other measures:

Tons Extracted and Ore Grade Sold and Shipped

Tons extracted and ore grade are key determinants of sales volume. Higher tonnage and ore grade are directly proportional to revenue level.

Actual Production Cost

Production cost per ton is a key measure of operating efficiency. A lower unit production cost in ore extraction will result in the Company meeting, if not exceeding, its profitability targets.

Earnings Per Share

The Company's earnings per share is a key measure of the Company's effectiveness in meeting its financial targets that in turn, will provide investors comparable benchmarks relative to similar companies.

2.10 DISTRIBUTION METHODS OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

Nickel Pig Iron (NPI)

Laterite Nickel ore accounts for about two-thirds of the world's nickel resources but is generally not used for producing refined pure nickel because of its low nickel content that ranges between 1-2%.

After a series of sintering and smelting processes, removing impurities such as phosphorus, sulfur and silicon to specification, the laterite nickel ore can be processed into nickel pig iron that contains between 4% to 13% nickel with Iron and other metals accounting for the balance.

Chinese stainless steel producers use nickel pig iron, to which they will add chromium and other materials, to produce 200 to 300 series stainless steel which accounts for more than 70% of total stainless steel production in China.

Indonesian Ore Ban

In 2014, the ban on exports of unprocessed ore in Indonesia took effect, the result of legislation that was passed five years ago. Exports of lateritic nickel ore over the last several years to China have fueled the growth of its NPI industry. China's NPI plants rely exclusively on nickel ore, primarily from Indonesia and secondarily from the Philippines.

However, a new decision by the Indonesian government, issued in January 2017, relaxing their ban on the export of nickel ore, provides the basis for uncertainty in the nickel market. In 2018, Indonesian government issued nickel ore export quota of not more than 28.5 million WMT.

In 2019, the Indonesian government extended the ore export ban by two years as part of its efforts to boost expansion of a local smelting industry.

2.11 GROUP'S STRATEGIC PLAN

The Group intends to continue exporting nickel ore in China. It has received several Letters of Intent from interested buyers in China for the purchase of a minimum volume of 500,000 metric tons of Nickel Ore with an average of 0.90% nickel content with 49% iron content but would be cautious on the selling price. If the price is higher than the variable cost and provide contribution margin to lower down fixed cost, we can sign the transaction. The Group will focus on cost management as we will monitor the selling price in the market.

Transactions with and /or Dependence on Related Parties

Necessary information on related parties is already disclosed in Note 13 in the notes to interim consolidated financial statements.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

There are no other information not previously reported in SEC Form 17-C that need to be reported in this section.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Registrant: CENTURY PEAK METALS HOLDINGS CORPORATION

By:

Ø/D. KENG WI Chairman of the Board and President

KENG Corporate Information Officer

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1.6 DOC. NO PAGE NO. BOOK NO. FRIES OF.

RUBEN T.M. RAMIRE

Notary Public . Until December 31, 2019 IBP No. 058333/ 1-3 CY.2019 ROLL No. 28947/ MCLE 5/ 6-8-17 PTR NO. MKT. 7333572 / 1-3-18 APPT. NO. M-127 ROOM 104 PENINSULA COURT BUILDING 8735 PASEO DE ROXAS COR. MAKATI AVE. MAKATI CITY